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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXI.---NO. 102. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,492

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Consul General Lee cabled from Havana at 3 P. M. yesterday that all was quiet at that hour; Minister De Lome denies that customs officers at Havana have thrown obstacles in the way of landing supplies for Cuban sufferers. —— The Deficiency Appropriation bill passed the Senate; in the House the Senate resolution recognizing the Cuban insurgents as belligerents was offered as an amendment to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill, but it was ruled out on point of order. —— The difficulty between China and Germany has been settled; Kiao Chou Bay to be leased; the murderers of German missionaries to be punished. —— Senator Morgan occupied the attention of the Senate in the executive session with his views on the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. —— Recent arrivals from the Klondike confirm the discovery of the great mother lode. —— The trial of Luetgert for the murder of his wife in Chicago will probably be concluded next week. —— Forty persons killed and eighteen injured by a mine explosion in Russia. —— Great Britain has again declined to reopen the sealing question. —— President Dole of the Sandwich islands is to be treated as the nation's agent in Washington. —— The Maryland Legislature ballotted yesterday for a successor to Senator Gorman; there was no election: there are many who believe that it may be possible for Gorman to succeed himself, and there is also possibility of another coalition for the election of the leader of the anti-organization wing of the Republican party. —— Bread riots in Italy were resumed yesterday. —— In the U. S. Circuit Court at Charleston, S. C., Judge Simonton granted an injunction in the Stanly county, N. C., bond suit. —— The Ohio Senate committee has begun investigation into the bribery charges made by Representative Otis. —— There were more street riots in Prague yesterday between the Czechs and Germans. —— China is ready to open three new treaty ports. —— The anti-Jewish crusade in France is assuming menacing proportions and the Government is seriously alarmed. —— The strike situation in New England mills is unchanged. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 2 to 2½ per cent., last loan at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 5¢; flour firm and fairly active; wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red $1 02; corn—spot steady; No. 2 34¼¢; rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1.42½ to 1.47½; spirits turpentine firm at 34½ to 34¾c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 A.M., 39 deg.; 8 P.M., 43 deg.; maximum, 46 deg.; minimum, 37 deg.; mean, 42 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .10; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .33.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The southwest storm is moving slowly northwestward over southern Texas, increasing in energy and is causing heavy rain along the Gulf coast and moderate rains over the interior of Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana. The barometer continues high over the east portions of the South and over all northern sections, under high areas central over the Middle States, and over the Middle West. Local rains fell over the North Carolina and Virginia coasts during the day. Generally over the remainder of the country, fair weather prevailed, with slowly rising temperatures.

Local forecasts to 12 midnight Thursday: Cloudy to partly cloudy warmer weather, with possibly rain by late Thursday night, northeast to east winds.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. 3.7 feet.

Port Almanac---January 19.

Sun Rises	7.08 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.15 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 07 M.
High Water at Southport	5.23 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	7.03 P. M.

The mob which burned those two Seminole Indians in Oklahoma determtned to at least make it warm for them.

President Dole of Hawaii is in this country to boost annexation. If he brings his whiskers with him he will not fail to attract attention.

Prince Hohenlohe, the German Chancellor, is a man of mark and a pretty high priced official. His salary has recently been increased to 10,000 marks.

One of England's ancient oaks was unearthed recently in excavating for a sewer at Stockport. It weighs forty tons and in the opinion of geologists is 10,000 years old.

The rush to the Klondike is beginning early. A steamer sailed from Victoria a few days ago for Alaskan ports with 600 passengers on board. They will get there before the first thaw.

Some wild geese were killed near Santa Cruz, California, a few days ago and in their crops were found gold nuggets, and now what the natives are trying to find out is where those geese pastured.

Young Mr. Edison, son of the Wizard, has a grand scheme to harness the ocean, and make it a power producer. It is a big scheme, which it will cost $35,000,000 to carry out, but he says a syndicate is considering it, and with it he can supply motive power for the whole State of New York, and then there will be an end to coal and wood for heat and light.

The cigarette habit had made so much headway among the school children in the public schools of Pittsburg that even the girls got to buying cigarettes instead of candy, etc. The superintendent has found it necessary to warn dealers that the law will be enforced against any who sell cigarettes to the pupils.

Among the companies incorporated in Indiana last week was the North China Land and Improvement Company, capital $10,000, to buy and sell land in China. Since the recent European operations began in China these Indiana hustlers are looking for a boom in dirt in that country.

It is reported that some of the Senators from the beet growing States will vote against the annexation of Hawaii because that would let Hawaiian sugar in free and interfere with the beet sugar industry of those States, which looks like an effort to beat annexation with a beet.

The people of Great Britain consume an average of a gallon and a half of wine per caput per annum, while the French get away with thirty gallons per cap. This puts the French ahead pretty considerably on wine but when it comes to beer and such the Briton has the innings.

The largest sugar venture thus far reported is the organization of a $15,000,000 syndicate to manufacture beet sugar in California. They have secured control of 150,000 acres, and will immediately erect there immense factories.

The farmers are having trouble all around. In Kentucky they are making war on the toll-gates and on Long Island they have to shoot the electric lights on the highways to prevent the bicyclists from robbing their orchards.

Mrs. Crans, of New York, wants a divorce because her husband insists on her living in a boarding house. She considers it her prerogative to run the house, but couldn't run a boarding house.

A good many of the manufacturers of Philadelphia are beginning to use bituminous coal in place of anthracite, the result probably of the twists the coal Trust takes on the consumers.

Hon. Lyman J. Gage denounced the Republican tariff of 1890, and now he as Secretary of the Treasury is enforcing a worse one.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Banks—Notice.
Opera House—Minstrels.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Steamer—For sale.
Wanted—White nurse.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There will be a rehearsal for "Aben Ali" to-night at Concordia Hall at 7.30.

— Latest soliloquy of Col. Willing Hurryup Chadbourn: "So near, and yet so far."

— The *New Bernian* is the title of a daily newspaper just established in Newbern by Messrs. G. W. & J. M. Charlotte. It is neat, newsy and nice.

— To-day is the birthday of the illustrious soldier, General Robert E. Lee, and is a legal holiday. The banks of the city will not transact any business.

— The Daughters of the Confederacy will meet this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock in the assembly room of the Wilmington Light Infantry Armory.

— A meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society will be held at Emmanuel church this evening at 7.30. Subject "The Beatitudes"; Matt., V. 1 to 12.

— Greensboro *Telegram:* "Our esteemed morning contemporary the Wilmington STAR, always bright and reliable has donned a new dress of type. May it twinkle always."

— The pastor wishes to see all the members at the Annual Congregational meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church to-night at 8 o'clock to hear the excellent reports of the year 1897.

— The caste of "The Substitute," to be given for the benefit of the W. L. I. next Monday evening, are busily engaged putting the finishing touches on the piece and promise the public a meritorious performance.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

The C. W. Polvogt Co. are having their Bargain Week. If you haven't been already, don't miss it. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. A. Brey, of Greenville, was here yesterday.

— Mr. T. A. Lyon, of Greensboro, is in the city.

— Dr. Geo. R. Hughes, of Pelloksville, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. S. Mitchel, of Enfield, was registered at the Orton yesterday.

— Mr. E. J. Eubank, a well known merchant of Dunn, was in the city yesterday.

— Dr. J. F. Harrell, of Whiteville, was in the city yesterday to buy vaccine points.

— Mr. R. J. Winston, of Goldsboro, was among the guests at the Orton yesterday.

— Mr. J. R. Squires, of Willis Creek, was among the visitors at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. S. A. L. Johnson, depot agent for the Seaboard Air Line, at Abbottsburg, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Hockey, of the Y. M. C. A. Business School, left yesterday morning for Philadelphia to attend the funeral of his father who died Monday afternoon.

— Dr. and Mrs. C. T. Harper, who have for some time resided in Baltimore, arrived in the city last evening and will make their home at No. 1 Church street.

— Chief Schnibben, of the Fire Department, was at Carolina Beach yesterday, and Assistant Chief Monroe was looking out for things.

— Mr. D. S. Butner, of Salem, and Mr. T. M. Butner, of Elkin, were in the city yesterday en route for Carolina Beach and other points in this section on a hunting and fishing expedition.

— Messrs. T. B. Gwatkins, G. M. Rose, Jr., R. L. Williams and M. McI. Matthews, of Fayetteville, were here last night to witness the presentation of "Prince Rudolph" by Otis Skinner at the Opera House.

— Maj. Wm. A. Johnson, the popular president of the Merchants' Association of Wilmington, and senior member of the firm of Johnson & Fore, left last evening for an extended pleasure trip to points in Florida.

— It was stated last night that Mr. W. H. Chadbourn would leave to-day for Raleigh to attend a meeting of the directors of the Penitentiary. From Raleigh, it is whispered, he will make a "bee line" for Washington.

— The many friends of Justice J. M. McGowan will regret very much to learn that he is suffering quite a good deal from what is pronounced by the physicians a canceric affection on the back of his neck. However no serious development is anticipated.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—228 bales cotton, 29 bbls tar.

W., C. & A. Railroad—136 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 54 bbls rosin, 102 bbls tar, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad—5 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 116 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—18 bales cotton, 21 casks spirits turpentine, 144 bbls rosin, 85 bbls tar.

W. & N. Railroad—69 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 16 bbls rosin.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—21 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 108 bbls rosin, 89 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—41 casks spirits turpentine, 165 bbls rosin, 59 bbls tar.

Schooner Gold Leaf—4 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 52 bbls rosin.

Total—Cotton, 481 bales; spirits turpentine, 119 casks; rosin, 655 bbls; tar, 376 bbls; crude turpentine, 1 bbl.

With the Magistrates.

Justice McGowan yesterday had only one case. Mary Davis was convicted of disorderly conduct and made to pay the costs.

Justice Bunting disposed of three cases. One was against B. F. Cushman, for disorderly conduct. Cushman paid the costs of the case and judgment was suspended. Another case was against Christian Hanson. The charge in this was also disorderly conduct and judgment was suspended on payment of costs. The remaining case was against Richard Nelson. He was charged with false pretences; but the case was dismissed.

Justice Fowler heard no criminal cases at all yesterday.

Wilmington Light Infantry.

At the regular Tuesday night drill of the Wilmington Light Infantry promotions of officers were announced as follows:

Third Sergeant, J. V. B. Metts, vice T. D. Love, resigned; Fourth Sergeant, W. A. Whitney, vice Metts, promoted; Fifth Sergeant, J. C. James, vice Whitney; First Corporal, N. E. Gillican, vice James; Second Corporal, R. F. Fowler, vice Gillican; Third Corporal, T. W. Davis, vice Fowler; Fourth Corporal, Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., vice Davis.

A Great Improvement.

Statesville *Mascot:* "The MORNING STAR, of Wilmington, has put on a new dress which is a great improvement. The STAR is the oldest daily paper in the State. For more than 30 years it has been issued regularly every morning by its veteran editor, W. H. Bernard. Continued success to it, and its stalwart Democratic editor."

A GOOD SHOWING

Made By the Carolina Insurance Company in the Annual Reports of Its Officials.

OLD DIRECTORS RE-ELECTED.

Report of Secretary Willard Indicates a Constant Increase of Business Along All Lines---Stock Well Represented---Resolutions on David G. Worth.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carolina Insurance Company was held in the office of that company yesterday at 12 o'clock. The reports submitted by various officials indicated conditions very gratifying, and showing a constant growth in volume of business.

Mr. E. S. Martin presided as chairman, and Mr. M. S. Willard was secretary. Messrs. J. D. Bellamy and M. S. Willard served as a committee on the verification of proxies. Their report showed 1,065 shares represented by proxy, while 1,716 shares were personally represented.

The report of President D. L. Gore was read by Secretary Willard. It contained no matters of public interest, dealing entirely with the details of the company's affairs.

The report of the secretary was highly creditable, showing an increase of the cash assets from 1891 to the present time, of from $53,243.15 to $70,013.62. And an increase of net surplus from $471.50 to $10,857.39. The capital stock is $50,000.00 There is a net surplus of $10,857.39 on hand. Receipts from premiums have been $85,521.03; from interest $26,211.80. The company has paid out for losses $44,984.25; for commissions and expenses, $27,320.78, for dividends, $17,915.30. They have loaned $47,840.00, all to citizens of Wilmington. The company's receipts during 1897 was $22,549.20.

The Board of Directors who served during 1897 was re-electedi. The following well known gentlemen comprise the Board: D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth, S. Solomon, H. L. Vollers, Donald MacRae, H. C. McQueen and Clayton Giles.

The last matter to engage the attention of the stockholders was a sad one. It was the adoption of resolutions relative to the death of Mr. David G. Worth, late of this city, who died Nov. 21st of last year. The resolutions were drafted by Messrs. Frank McNeil, Henry Savage and E. S. Martin. They set forth that the deceased had been one of the first and largest stockholders and a director from the organization of the company, serving continuously until his death; that he took great interest in the business; that to him was due much credit for the success which has attended the company's career; that by his death one of the most useful and faithful directors had been removed and the community lost a most eminent and honorable citizen.

The resolutions are to be spread upon the minutes of the stockholders' meeting and a copy sent to the family of the deceased.

This done, the meeting was declared adjourned.

Wilmington Coon-Hunters.

Three Wilmington people who went on a coon hunt not long since underwent an experience that they will not soon forget; at least one of them, who was badly worsted, will not. He climbed the tree to locate the varmint and resting too much weight on a decayed limb fell to the ground, sustaining such injuries as to make the use of crutches necessary. To add to his discomfiture, the dogs took him for the coon, and it was with real difficulty that his comrades kept them from chewing him up.

No New Cases of Smallpox.

No new cases of smallpox were reported yesterday, and the authorities were quite hopeful. The first patient is improving too rapidly to make it necessary for him to be carried to the hospital for smallpox, and the weather was too raw yesterday to admit of Hodge's being removed.

The advertisement in the papers for a nurse brought fifty or seventy-five responses. Lum Cotten, a colored man, was the successful applicant and reported at the hospital promptly.

These Goods Are New and Bright.

The C. W. Polvogt Co. claim, and they will undertake to prove this week, that a "clearing sale" does not necessarily mean that there is an undesirable lot of goods to be disposed of, but that it may and does embrace selections from a bright new stock. Their prominent advertisement in the STAR will furnish details to all interested.

To Relieve Lieutenant Glover.

Chief Engineer Samuel H. Magee, United States Revenue Marine Service, reported here yesterday to relieve Second Assistant H. D. Glover, on the *Morrill*, who is temporarily detained from his duties by sickness. Mr. Magee is regularly in service on the *Boutwell* stationed at Savannah.

To be Married This Evening.

At the First Presbyterian church this evening at 6 o'clock, Miss Mary McIntire, daughter of Mr. R. M. McIntire, will be married to Mr. Charles H. Westbrook. Both are popular young people and many congratulations are awaiting them.

25c Black Hose 19c, Fruit of the Loom 6c, Lonsdale Cambric 10c, Eiderdown 29c; this week at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

BOARD AUDIT AND FINANCE.

Statement of Examination of the Books of the City Treasurer---Smallpox Appropriation Approved.

The Board of Audit and Finance met in regular semi-monthly session yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Present, W. H. Chadbourn, chairman, J. H. Webber and H. C. McQueen.

Capt. Jno. Cowan, Clerk of the Board, submitted statement of an examination of the books of the Treasurer and Tax Collector for the month of December, 1897, showing cash on hand December 1, $15,301.27; receipts during December, $21,480.95, making a total of $36,782.22. Disbursements in December, $7,941.11, leaving a balance on hand at beginning of year of $28,841.11.

The statement of cash deposits as exhibited showed deposits as follows: With Atlantic National Bank, coupon account, $6,000, general account, $7,703.94, total $13,703.94; Murchison & Co., coupon account, $5,000, general account, $8,533.23, total $13,533.23; cash on hand, $1,603.94.

A communication from the Board of Aldermen, stating that they had appropriated $500 for the purpose of protecting the city against the spread of smallpox, was received and the action of the Board approved.

Bills were audited and approved as follows: For current expenses, $5,166.14; refunded rent to P. H. Smith on ground adjoining Fourth street market and owned by the city, $28; quarantine expenses, including repairing of hospital at Mount Tirzah, $140; Naval Reserves, appropriation for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1898, $300; commission paid Murchison & Co. for paying July coupons, $17.50; interest on note dated July 1, 1894, and given for payment of certain bonds belonging to the estate of W. P. Graham, of California, and which had partially been destroyed by fire, $456.66.

The Board adjourned, subject to the call of the chair.

GRAND MAY FESTIVAL.

Musical Courier Says It Will Eclipse All Former Musical Events in the South.

The Musical Association of Wilmington is already inaugurating extensive preparations for a grand May Festival. In fact, the matter was freely discussed at the meeting of the association Monday night.

Yesterday steps were taken looking to the securing of an auditorium sufficiently large to accommodate the large audience likely to be in attendance. The Y. M. C. A. auditorium is too small and if the Opera House is not used it is probable that an auditorium will be improvised in the Champion Compress building where the Moody meetings were held.

The festival will consist of three events, two evening entertainments and a matinee. It is the purpose of the association to have the new musical combination of the Boston Symphony Club and the Seidl Orchestra, to which reference was made in the STAR of last Sunday morning, supported by a mammoth chorus of Wilmington's vocalists. The feature of one of the evening events will be the rendition of the oratorio from "Stabat Mater," in which the visiting musicians will render the solos and members of the Musical Association will comprise the chorus.

The latest issue of the *Musical Courier* of New York, in referring to this probable festival in Wilmington, says it will doubtless be the greatest musical event ever rendered in the South.

Citizens' B. & L. Association.

Meetings of the Stockholders and Board of Directors of the Citizens' Building and Loan Association of Wilmington were held last night in the City Court room.

The stockholder's meeting was the first held and President W. H. Chadbourn presided. The annual report of Secretary John D. Bellamy, Jr., was submitted in printed form. It made a good showing and pleased the stockholders. The assets have now past the one hundred thousand dollar mark, being $100,475.09.

The old Board of Directors was re-elected. They are as follows: W. H. Chadbourn, W. A. Riach, Samuel Northrop, H. G. Smallbones, J. H. Chadbourn, Jr., J. W. Jackson, J. T. Riley, Tim Donlan, F. W. Ortmann, John McEntee, Marsden Bellamy, A. G. Hankins and W. W. Hodges.

In the meeting of the Board of Directors held after the adjournment of the stockholders meeting there was no business of public interest transacted.

Wonderfully Preserved.

Several gentlemen having occasion to refer to some of the old records of Front Street Methodist Church a few days ago were surprised at the wonderful preservation of some of the records of eighty years ago, the penmanship being nicely done by the secretary, John Howard, and as plainly legible as if only performed a few days ago.

Catholic Divines in the City.

Rev. Father James Mackin, pastor of St. Paul's Catholic Church, Washington, D. C., is in the city on a visit. Rev. Dr. Kiernan, of Philadelphia, is here also, and Rev. Father Kemper, of Philadelphia, was in the city a few days ago.

January Clearing Sale at the C. W. Polvogt Co. Don't miss it. †

Go to the sale at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

AT CAROLINA BEACH.

A Site Selected for the New Club House Just North of the "Castle."

IT HAS MANY ADVANTAGES.

Committee Appointed on Plans and Specifications and to Look After Collection of Subscriptions---Vote of Thanks to Capt. Harper.

The following gentlemen, constituting a committee appointed at a recent meeting of the subscribers to the stock of the second new club house on Carolina Beach, went to the Beach yesterday morning to look around for a site: C. F. VonKampen, chairman; J. G. L. Gieschen, secretary; M. Rathjen, F. Richter, H. L. Vollers, H. Burfeindt, Charles Schnibben, M. G. Tienken, H. T. Duls and Martin Schnibben.

The committee, with Capt. Harper, were obliged to work their way from the pier to the beach on a hand-car, but the novelty of the situation was such as to take away the irksomeness, and the trip on the car was greatly enjoyed. No little amusement was added on the return trip by the very cool way in which several gentlemen who got out to help the car along by pushing were left in the middle of the track and forced to "foot it" to the pier.

The lot just north of the "Castle" was selected for the site of the club for the many advantages which it presents. A good view is had from the front, and then the location is convenient to the Sound in the rear.

After the committee had determined upon the location, they partook of an oyster roast that Capt. Harper was thoughtful enough to provide, which, with other refreshments, made a feast that was highly enjoyable.

Returning, the committee held a meeting in the cabin of the *Wilmington* and considered measures to be embraced in the constitution and by-laws. Messrs. C. F. VonKampen, M. Rathjen and M. G. Tienken were appointed a committee on plans and specifications, with instructions to report to the next meeting of the subscribers, Monday night, Jan. 24. A committee was also appointed to look after the collection of subscriptions, the members being Messrs. H. L. Vollers, F. Richter, Charles Schnibben and H. Burfeindt.

A vote of thanks was unanimously tendered Capt. J. W. Harper for his courteous treatment, and the meeting adjourned upon the arrival of the *Wilmington* at her dock.

NO NOMINATION YET.

The Committee on High Jinks and Deviltry Must Report Promptly at Washington Again.

"There is talk of another hegira to Washington before things are settled," said the STAR of yesterday, referring to the appointment of a postmaster for Wilmington. Yes, it is too true. The Committee on High Jinks and General Deviltry will report promptly. It is not definitely known yet who will go to Washington; but it is safe to say that Col. Wery Hopeful Chadbourn and Col. Jupiter Epaminondas Albright will head the procession, while the Committee on P. P. may form the rear guard. The column will probably move to-night via the Atlantic Coast Line, and by to-morrow night there will be a renewal of the "hot time in the old town" of Washington.

It is common rumor that the wires between Wilmington and Washington have been emitting blue flames constantly during the past forty-eight hours. The demand for sulphate of copper in the telegraph offices has been enormous, and messenger boys have been reaping a harvest. Talk about "hot stuff"! Why, they do say that some of the telegrams scorched the paper on which they were written.

But there's an end to all things; and in the "sweet bye-and-bye" there will be "harmony" all around and every fellow will get an office.

P. S.—The very latest is that, by the light of the lime-kiln that burneth at Rocky Point, our neighbor-in-law, Gee Zee, can now "see his way clear" into the "sanctum sanctorum" of the stamp emporium on Front street.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.

Hanover Council No. 25, United States Benevolent Fraternity.

At a meeting of Hanover Council, No. 25, United States Benevolent Fraternity, held last night, the following officers were installed by Deputy Supreme President B. J. Jacobs to serve during the ensuing year:

President—Jas. F. Post, Jr.
Vice President—H. Burkheimer.
Councillor—B. J. Jacobs.
Medical Examiner—Dr. D. W. Bulluck.
Treasurer—E. R. Wooten.
Secretary—Thos. R. Post.
Financial Secretary—W. C. VonGlahn.
Chaplain—Geo. H. James.
Guide—J. Frank Gause.
Warden—Carl Mugge.
Sentry—John Baker.

Spend your cash this week at the C. W. Polvogt Co. They are having their Bargain Week. †

12½c India Linen 8c, $1.50 Black Satin $1.20, $1.75 Long Cloth $1.50 this week at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Bargain Week at the C. W. Polvogt Co. †

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Appearance of the Eminent Actor Otis Skinner in "Prince Rudolph."

Otis Skinner and his excellent company appeared at the Opera House last night in his latest success, the five-act comedy *Prince Rudolph* (founded upon a story by Robert Louis Stevenson), to an audience who were discriminating in their judgment and cultured in taste. The house was taxed to its utmost capacity.

Mr. Skinner is an actor of ability, and as *Rudolph Wilhelm*, Prince of Kronefield, he has the true and right conception of the character he masters with so much ease and grace. Miss Maud Durlive, *Edora, Princess of Kronefield*, the leading lady, is as she is heralded, an actress, and one who has a just claim and title to that honor.

Mr. Skinner has an excellent company and all sustained their parts admirably. Mr. Skinner was compelled to come before the curtain to respond to the applause and silence would not "reign supreme" until he acknowledged in person.

Primrose and West Minstrels.

The most magnificent of all minstrel organizations, that of Messrs. Primrose and West, comes to the Opera House for an engagement of one night—Friday night the 21st. Primrose and West have been the conceded leaders of minstrelsy for several years and they give the public the assurance that this season's company will be second to none they have ever exploited as to comedians and singers, and also as to novelties in the way of clever specialties. That versatile and universal favorite, Geo. H. Primrose, heads the list of comedians supported by the great "Waltz me again" Geo. Wilson, who promises, contrary to all tradition, to have an entire new stock of jokes to amuse the Wilmingtonians. Manuel Romain, the sweet-voiced tenor singer; the celebrated Quaker City Quartette, the marvellous Seymours; Waterbury Bros. and Tenney, the clever musical team; the Ben Howatt trio, and a long list of other celebrated entertainers, are included in the caste.

Watch for the grand street parade Friday morning. Sale of seats opens at Gerken's to-morrow morning at 7 A. M.

Chamber of Commerce Banquet.

To-night at 8.30 o'clock at the Orton Hotel the Chamber of Commerce will give its annual dinner. The committee of arrangements, consisting of Messrs. R. N. Sweet, F. L. Huggins, M. W. Jacobi, Gabriel Holmes, and H. C. McQueen, have endeavored to get up a programme that will be interesting, and the menu will be up to the standard of excellence that usually marks affairs of the kind at the Orton.

An interesting feature of the programme will be several short speeches bearing upon the different industries and lines of business in Wilmington.

A Suit for Seaman's Wages.

Mr. R. H. Bunting, as United States Commissioner, had a case before him yesterday in which a sailor brought suit against a schooner for balance of wages due. Christian Hanson was the sailor who made the complaint, and *The Eells* was the schooner sued. The amount of wages claimed by Hanson was $28.01. Commissioner Bunting found probable cause for the complaint and certified to the United States Court for the issuance of a libel.

NEWS FROM KINSTON.

Seven Springs Hotel Property---Extensive Improvements to be Made.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

KINSTON, N. C., Jan 17.

The well known Seven Springs Hotel property, located eighteen miles west of Kinston, has been sold by the Seven Springs Hotel Company to Mr. G. F. Smith, formerly of Greenville, N. C., who will make extensive improvements. Mr. Smith will be manager as well as proprietor, and will keep the hotel open to guests the entire year.

Ben. E. Stanley, a Kinston boy, for several years a member of the U. N. C. base ball team and for two years its captain, has signed with the Brooklyn League team for the season of 1898, and will probably play short-stop, a position for which he is admirably fitted.

FIRE AT WILSON, N. C.

Large Tobacco Prize-House Burned---The Loss $15,000---Origin of the Fire Unknown.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WILSON, January 18.—Messrs. Anderson & Anderson's large three-story tobacco prize-house was burned at 7 o'clock to-night. The loss is fifteen thousand dollars, fully covered by insurance. W. M. Carter had tobacco there also. The origin of the fire is unknown.

— Mr. J. L. Kelley, of Raleigh, was in the city last night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

NO BUSINESS WILL BE TRANSACTED BY the Banks of this city Wednesday, January 19th, Gen. Lee's birthday.
MURCHISON & CO., BANKERS.
ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.
NATIONAL BANK OF WILMINGTON.
jan 19 1t

OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 21.

Primrose & West's Gigantic Minstrel Organization.

Produced on a scale of magnificence never before attempted. At each performance is introduced Geo. H. Primrose, the World's Greatest Minstrel, and Geo. Wilson, Wilmington's favorite burnt cork artist.

Watch for the Grand Street Parade.
jan 19 3t

Vollers & Hashagen,

Brokers and Manufacturers' DISTRIBUTING AGENTS.

Provisions,
Lard,
Sugars,
Flours,
Grain,
Hay.

We are sole Agents for Powell, Smith & Co.'s celebrated brands of Cigars:

RENOWN,
SMOKETTES,
CUBAN BLOSSOM.

We sell at Wholesale only and solicit inquiries as to prices in car lots and less.

Office and warehouses A. C. Line tracks, Nutt St., Wilmington, N. C.
de 18 tf

PLUMBING!

We Have Added This Line to Our Business,

—AND WITH—

MODERATE PRICES AND GOOD WORK,

We hope to receive a fair share of the public Patronage.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.
jan 5 1tf

J. A. SPRINGER & CO.

Ours Is Not Especially Thanksgiving Coal Nor Christmas Coal.

Better still, it is every day Coal, seven days to the week;

particularly adapted to good cold weather, such as we are likely to have from this time on.

For HIGH GRADE HARD COAL, both Red Ash and White Ash, in Egg Stove, Furnace and Range sizes, well screened and promptly delivered; also, for Tennessee Lump Coal. Your orders respectfully solicited. Our Coal will not only cook turkey in great shape, but is equally as good for cooking hog and hominy.

J. A. SPRINGER & CO.
jan 1 1tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 19

MORE PATERNALISM.

The Boston *Commercial Bulletin* doesn't think that reduction of the wages of the operatives in the New England cotton mills is the way to help the mill operators out of the trouble in which they find themselves, and which they attribute to Southern competition. That they are suffering some from this competition is doubtless true, but there is as little doubt that this is put forward as an excuse for doing what the mill operators had determined to do and for the doing of which they had to give some reason. While complaining of overproduction they inconsistently determine to add to the unsalable stock on hand, knowing, as they must know, that this will result in keeping down prices and prolonging the condition of which they complain, of which the *Commercial Bulletin* reminds them in the following which we clip, because it shows what a great industry cotton manufacturing is in the New England States, and because there are some points in it worthy of note. It says:

"It is interesting to note that Hon. W. W. Crapo, of New Bedford, agrees with the *Bulletin's* opinion that the difficulty in the cotton industry is, first of all, overproduction. In stating that the remedy should be curtailment of wages, we are voicing the opinion of cotton manufacturers all over New England.

"The operatives perfectly understand that business is dull, and they understand that with over two million pieces of print cloth on hand unsold, business is bound to be dull. They ask, if we understand them rightly, that the remedy of curtailed production be tried first. It is a reasonable request.

"Cutting wages will not reduce, if anything it will increase the output, as every operative will try to keep up to his old earnings by turning out more goods. Cutting wages will not cut stocks on hand.

"There are 18,753,935 cotton spindles in the country, of which 13,372,328 are in New England and 7,790,542 in Massachusetts.

"There are more cotton spindles in Massachusetts than in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee combined.

"Southern competition is serious. A national regulation of the hours of labor is thei deal remedy, but the remedy *now* is to reduce production.

"It is not yet too late, in the face of the grave evils that threaten the country, to calll together the cotton manufacturers of New England and agree to run on short time till the glut is removed. It is not practicable.

"Isn't it reasonable to try this first rather than shake the whole business structure of New England by an industrial war which may curtail the product of certain mills, but is absolutely certain to breed bitter and dangerous feeling among men and women who, rightly or wrongly, believe that manufacturers are taking unnecessarily radical action to cure one of the constantly recurring gluts of the markets?

The Arkwright Club precipitated this grave peril—they can avert it. Will they?"

In deciding upon a reduction of wages rather than a reduction of production, possibly some of the mill owners came to the conclusion that the Rhode Island mill man did when he said that workmen in the mills can live cheaper now than ever before, and therefore they can better stand a cut in wages, especially when a cut in the wages of the working people means better profits for their employers. But these operatives were not so dull as not to be able to see through the inconsistency of complaining about an overstocked market as a pretence for reducing wages and then proceeding to still further overstock the market because they get the goods made at less cost by cutting down the wages of the people who make them.

In discussing this question some time ago we remarked that if it was Southern competition that forced them to cut wages that would not prove a lasting remedy, for it would lead to dissatisfaction and strikes which would in the long run cost the mill men more than the saving they made on the difference in wages, and the effect would also be to make the mill operatives so discontented that they would seek employment elsewhere, and that many of them would seek the South where they would have employment the year round and where, if the wages should be less, they could live much more comfortably and be much better situated, and this would give the South much of the skilled labor for which it will soon have use of it has not now. Thus the New England mill men by creating dissatisfaction among their operatives are doing the very thing they don't want to do, and are making it easier for the South to secure more skilled labor, and contributing to making Southern mills more formidable competitors than they are now. The journal from which we quote sees trouble ahead, too, in this reduction of wages, for if the operatives should yield now it will be only because necessity forces them to it, and they will bear the cut only so long as they are compelled to yield.

But aside from the opinions of the paper from which we quote there is one noteworthy point in the article where it says "Southern competition is serious. A National regulation of the hours of labor is the ideal remedy." Which means that it is the New England ideal remedy. We have headed this article "More Paternalism" because here we have it in its quintessence, of the coolest, number one New England brand. For thirty-odd years there has been a protective tariff some of the schedules of which were to protect New England cotton, woollen and other manufactories against foreign competition, and now when they are protected against foreign competition and the cotton spinners find themselves being crowded to the wall by Southern competition, they have struck on "national regulation of the hours of labor" as the "ideal remedy" against this Southern competition. That's what this means. The New England mill operators say that wages are from forty to fifty per cent. less in the South than they are in New England, considering that in the South there are so many more working hours in the week, which gives the Southern mill operators just that much advantage over them. This they propose to remedy by a national law which will make the hours of labor the same in all the States and thus deprive the Southern mills of the extra time they have over the New England mills, which would increase the cost of production in the South and proportionately decrease the competitive power of the Southern mills.

There is not the slightest probability of any such legislation as that going through Congress, for the simple reason that its animus is too apparent and its cheekiness entirely too colossal. It is paternalism run into the ground, paternalism for the New Edgland cotton mill men who confess their inability to cope with the Southern mills and therefore ask Congress to help them out of the unpleasant predicament by putting some legislative handicaps on the industry in the South. Why didn't it occur to them to ask for some legislation to protect the iron industry which they once had from the State of Pennsylvania which took it away from them? This may be the "ideal remedy;" it is also an ideal illustration of New England cheek.

MINOR MENTION.

For many years efforts have been made to discover a preventive of or cure for hog cholera, which annually inflicts more or less loss upon the farmers of this country and sometimes very heavy loss. Numerous "cures" have been published, and some of them sometimes, perhaps, prove effective; but until now no preventive, as far as we know, has been discovered. The United States Secretary of Agriculture believes that this has been done with an anti-toxine serum with which Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, has been experimenting for some time with good results, The mode of preparing the serum and the result of the experiments made are thus told, after an interview with Secretary Wilson:

"This serum is made upon the same principles as the anti-toxine of diphtheria. Good serum has been obtained from both horses and cattle, a horse or cow being inoculated with the hog cholera virus in small quantities at first and with larger doses after suitable intervals of time. The resistance of the animal is thus raised to the highest practicable point. The blood of such an animal when injected under the skin of swine has been found to possess both a preventive and curative action. This serum was first tested upon small animals in the laboratory and being found efficacious was last Fall tested in Page county, Iowa, on several herds of swine containing altogether 278 animals. Leaving out one herd from which definite returns as to cause of death could not be obtained, only thirty-nine died of 244 animals treated, of which eighty-six were sick. Dr. Salmon believes that with experience a better quality of serum can be prepared and he has no doubt that this percentage can be maintained hereafter.

Referring to this report Secretary Wilson remarked that undoubtedly the results reported by Dr. Salmon were most encouraging to hog raisers. The cost of the serum now, said the Secretary, is but ten cents per head of animals treated, only one dozen being required, and doubtless in course of time this light cost may still be further reduced.

"It is, in my opinion," said the Secretary, "of the utmost importance that this serum for the next year at least be made by the bureau under our own supervision, and distributed in large quantities in order to demonstrate its efficacy upon a more extended scale. It is absolutely essential that during the experimental stage serum of undoubted quality be used. Unless the hog growers can obtain it from this department they will be forced to depend upon what can be obtained from private sources, and owing to the novelty of this product, not only will discouragingly exorbitant prices be charged for it, but in many cases inferior products may be offered. This would preclude the possibility of making a satisfactory test on a widely extended scale."

The Secretary proposes to ask Congress to make an appropriation to enable the Department to furnish two million dozens of serum during the next year, for distribution, as a guarantee that the serum may be the right kind and that it may be thoroughly and satisfactorily tested.

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Some of the leading papers of Pennsylvania, have entered solemn protests against the nomination or confirmation of Mr. Saylor as consul to Matanzas, Cuba. We do not know much about Mr. Saylor, but these papers speaking for the better element of the people of their State pronounce the appointment a disgraceful one and an outrage on decency. The Philadelphia *Ledger* says if the Senate confirms it, then Spain out of self-respect ought to refuse to receive him as a consul at any of her ports. But judging from the following dispatch which the *Ledger* publishes with caustic comment, it has little hope that the Senate will show more regard for decency by refusing to confirm than the President did in making the appointment. The dispatch reads:

Each member of the United States Senate has received a copy of the protest of the Philadelphia Business Men's League against the nomination of ex-Senator Saylor as Consul to Matanzas, Cuba. *This protest, however, will have no effect as long as the Pennsylvania Senators stand by the nominee and request his confirmation.*"

The Senators pay little heed to protests, and care very little who are appointed to positions in which they have no personal interest, and here "Senatorial courtesy" comes in, for it would be hardly courteous for a Senator to fight the confirmation of another Senator's protege when he had received or expected the support of that Senator for the confirmation of some protege of his own. The Senate is one of those mutual admiration societies in which the rule is to pull along as smoothly as they can together in matters in which the Senators are personally interested.

***

It is said that with the advance that has already been made in the cost of woollen goods, the manufacturers contemplate an increase in the price of the goods manufactured for the trade next Fall and Winter. In addition to this they are preparing to use a larger amount of shoddy and will thus stock the market with a counterfeit which will be palmed off on purchasers as the genuine stuff and may seem cheap, while in fact it will be very dear. The people who will suffer the most by this will be the poor, whose circumstances will compel them to buy the cheaper qualities of goods, while the well-to-do can stand the increase of price in such goods as they buy without seriously feeling it. Already there has been a large increase in the importations of shoddy and stuff for making shoddy and there doubtless has already been a large increase in the output of shoddy goods. So far it isn't quite apparent where the wool grower has been benefitted by the "protection" that the Dingley tariff gives his wool.

The man who assassinated Terriss, the English actor, was convicted of murder, but the jury found that he was not mentally responsible, upon which the New York *Herald* remarks "so a good life is sacrificed for the caprice of an idiot." Well, would it have the "idiot" swung up to "avenge poor Terriss?"

With a population of 21,561,023 males and 21,147,241 females the sexes in Japan are pretty evenly divided.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Your son is an actor, you say, Mr. Maginnis?" "Faith he is."

"And what roles does he play?"

"Rolls, is it? Faith, he rolls up the curtain."—*Tit-Bits.*

— "There is nothing," said the philosopher, "that will so stimulate a man's sense of justice as to have some one owe him money."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Practical Piety.—"What is a devotional attitude, grandpa?"

"Getting down into your trousers pockets for a dollar to sent to the heathen."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— The Butler—"Hand hevery night at the hour of midnight the ghost happert, and groans, and wrings its 'ands." Tourist—

"Ah, must have died in the cucumber season."—*Tit-Bits*

— Wallace—"You are positively the most impudent and the greatest begger I ever met," Wayworn Watson—"Well, that ort to be worth a nickle, any how."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Revision: The Rev. Saintly—Ah, well, the paths of glory, you know, lead but to the grave." Rising Novelist—

"Nonsense. The paths of glory lead to the lecture platform."—*Chicago News.*

— Tommy's Inference: Teacher —"What do we learn from the story of Sampson."

Tommy (with unpleasant results still manifest)—"That it doesn't pay ter have women folks cut a fellers hair."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "Maud," said Mr. Dobbs, sternly, "why did you refuse young Bliven? A fine young man with his heart in the right place."

"Well, it wasn't when he proposed to me, answered Maud flippantly, "it was in his mouth."—*Harper's Bazar*

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

JUST AT THIS VERY TIME

When People Are Suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Colds, They Need to Know of a Discovery, The Fame of Which is "World-Wide."

More men, women and even little children have been suffering with rheumatism and neuralgia the present year than ever before. Statistics from all over the country show this—doctors reports prove it. Possibly the unusual weather has had something to do with it, but there is one great reason back of it all. The great cause of rheumatism and neuralgia or even muscular cold is because there is uric acid in the blood. This uric acid should be thrown out of the system, and can be if the kidneys are in a strong and healthy condition, but being weaned, these great organs are not able to throw the uric acid from the system, and so it gets into the blood, settles around the joints, inflames the muscles and causes what we call rheumatism and neuralgia.

Is this not clear? Can you not readily see that there is only one way to cure these troubles, and that is by keeping the kidneys in a strong and healthy condition? If they are kept strong and well, and drive the uric acid from the blood, there will be no more rheumatism or neuralgia.

In every quarter of the globe, including India, Africa and Australia, it is acknowledge that there is but one discovery which can or ever does fight the battle against uric acid, and drive it from the body. That discovery is known universally throughout the world as Warner's Safe Cure.

In writing upon this subject, Mr. William Edwards Rosbon, surgeon of the Royal Navy of England, said;

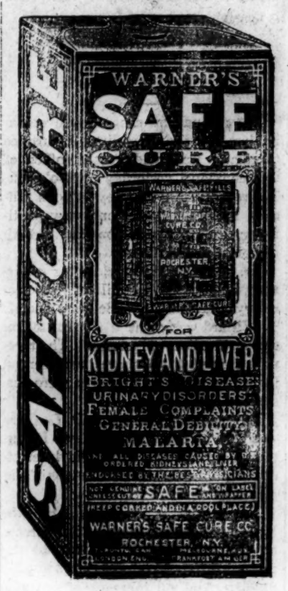
"I conscientiously and emphatically state that I have been able to give more relief and effect more cures by the use of Warner's Safe Cure, than by all other medicines in the British Pharmacopœia."

Dr. N. Byer, of Wurtzburg, Germany, said:

"I have prescribed Warner's Safe Cure constantly to those suffering from kidney or liver diseases, and especially rheumatism and neuralgia. In some instances where the case seemed hopeless, I have seen the sufferer restored to complete health greatly to my surprise and gratification, and I constantly recommend it in all circles of my acquaintance."

Prof. J. Poiraud, B. A. B. Sc., of Paris, says:

"After weeks of suffering from inflammation of the bladder during which time, although under noted specialists, the disease steadily developed and I rapidly grew weaker, I resorted to the use of Warner's Safe Cure. It promptly



relieved the painful symptoms and I conscientiously say that my present good health is solely due to Warner's Safe Cure.

Hon. E. A. Stone, Judge of the Supreme Court of Australia, declares:

"I have used Warner's Safe Cure on many occasions, being subjected to complaints which caused depression of spirits, and the use of this wonderful discovery has been invariably attended with the most satisfactory results."

Jai Jai Ram Missur, a prominent railroad man of India, says:

"I was attacked by the fatal disease dropsy as a result of rheumatic troubles. My whole body was filled with water and my kidneys refused to work. I tried various remedies and skilled surgeons in vain. At last I was told to prepare for death. I began the use of Warner's Safe Cure, and it affected a complete cure for which I cannot be too grateful."

The list of names of American men and women who have been cured by the use of this wonderful discovery extends into the hundreds of thousands. Many of them are very prominent in legislative, professional and social circles. Their names alone would more than fill this paper. Many of them have been enduring pain, have had swollen joints, headaches, unaccountable languor, dull, and indefinite pains in various parts of the body; have been restless, sleepless, and depressed; have had lack of appetite, lack of energy and lack of all ambition; but they are to-day in the enjoyment of perfect health. A few names of those who cordially recommended Safe Cure are Bishop Wilson, Mr. Jesse Larrabee, Dr. Gunn, Mrs. Annie Jenness Miller, Dr. Woodbury, Mrs. Willard and Rev. Dr. Rankin.

In addition thereto, this great discovery has been scientifically analyzed by Prof. S. A. Lattemore, one of the leading chemists of America, and Analist of Food and Medicines for the New York State Board of Health, who has investigated the process of manufacture, and unhesitatingly says that "it is conducted with extreme care according to the best methods, and that Safe Cure is free from all poisonous and deleterious substances."

The facsimile of the package is given herewith. It has become a synonym for good health the world over, and gives what no other remedy can give —freedom from disease and the blessings of life which good health always confers.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: Thomas Broadaway, who shot and instantly killed Milas Reed, in Rowan county, week before last, has so far managed to elude all officers sent out to capture him and is still at large.

— Fayetteville *Observer:* Mr. S. J. Thaggard, son of Capt. S. J. Thaggard, dropped dead of heart disease at his home near Roslin Saturday night. He was in Fayetteville Wednesday in the best of health, apparently. Mr. Thaggard returned a month or two ago from Georgia, where he had been several years and accumulated considerable money, to reside at his old home permanently.

— Greenville *Reflector:* It is reported in town to-day (Saturday) that near Haddock's X Roads Friday night, Mr. Ed. Cox, a young white man, killed a colored man named Asa Graper by cutting the latter's throat. The colored man was found on the road this morning. We could not get any further particulars except that too much whiskey was the cause of the trouble.

— Winston *Journal*: The Mormon elders held two meetings yesterday, one at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and the other at night. At the 2 o'clock meeting Elder Ensign did the preaching, talking about continued revelation and the operation of the Holy Ghost. The evening meeting was largely attended, more than two hundred persons being present. Elder Williams preached about faith, imagination and knowledge. The meetings will continue throughout the week.

— Lincoln *Journal:* W. S. Wells, a noted mill-wright, was murdered by negroes in No. 4 township, Cleveland county, Saturday. Wells with a party had been out rabbit hunting. After the hunt was over, Wells started home accompanied by two negroes. Soon afterward his body riddled with bullets was found lying beside the road. One of the negroes was captured and confessed the killing, but later he claimed that the other negro did it. —— A negro festival at Orleans Saturday night wound up in a murder—Bob Bess, colored, shooting and instantly killing Elisha Bess also colored. Bob Bess surrendered to Deputy Sheriff Beal Monday and a preliminary trial was held before Squires S. P. Sherrill and W. C. Childers. A blockade whiskey wagon camped near by and the negroes patronized it liberally, all hands becoming drunk. They then returned to the house, and the killing followed. —— The most wonderful curiosity that the *Journal* has ever run up against is a hen belonging to Mr. David A. Coon, of Howard Creek township. The hen is an Indian game. Beginning at the root of its bill and continuing to the tip of its tail, the feathers on one side are black as a crow, while the feathers on the other side are yellow.

The statements of those who have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla prove the great merit of this medicine. Get only Hood's.

—— Li Hung Chang will probably learn with regret that he has no pull at Washington. There is no way in which he can put a spoke in the wheel of the Republican bandwagon for 1900. The aged celestial statesman desired that the son of his old friend, Gen. Grant, should be sent to Pekin as the minister of this country, but President McKinley knew that Mr. Frederick D. Grant was not much of a power in politics, and hence he never gave Mr. Grant much consideration for the place.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

Consumption Positively Cured.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says, Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Refusal to seat Mark Hanna, because of the bribery charges, would be too sensational a performance for the dignified Senate to contemplate without horror,—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

—— Spain is unfortunate in being, as a rule, compelled to accompany its announcements that peace will soon prevail in Cuba with efforts to secure more money and more men. —*Washington Star, Ind.*

—— The Rep-Pop administration of affairs in North Carolina is remarkable among all the administrations that have existed in this country from the first for the number of personal scandals of the ugliest sort it has evolved. Moral: Beware of Rep-Pop administrations. — *Richmond, Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Before the election of Mark Hanna to the United States Senate the Hanna Republicans in the Ohio Legislature were horrified at the "Judas Republicans" who consorted with the Democrats. Now, however, it is announced that Kurtz is to lose an $8,000 office as the result of an "alliance" of the Hanna Republicans with the Democrats. The ways of Ohio Republicans may not be "past finding out," but it is to be hoped they will not be imitated elsewhere. —*Chicago News, Ind.*

SHE DRIVES NAILS.

A Young Woman Who Has Exploded a Venerable Joke.

At last a popular slander against woman has been nailed. The professional jester has been deprived of one of his most beloved and most venerable jokes. The companion piece to the woman and the mouse witticism must be relegated to disuse. The woman and nail joke is doomed. The individual to whom this change is due is Miss Emma G. Perkins. Miss Perkins has a national reputation as a nail driver. Not only is she herself able to hit the iron implement on the head with unfailing regularity, but it is her high province to impart that knowledge and ability to others—not merely to other women, but

MISS EMMA G. PERKINS.

to boys, the future men and nail drivers of the race. She is the teacher of "Lloyd" or manual training at the Syracuse High school.

Miss Perkins studied the art of which she is a professor at the Lloyd Training school in Boston. She is skillful in many other things besides nail driving. She knows what planing means and is able to cut, carve and smooth boards in workmanlike fashion. She is, in fact, altogether one of the very few women who would be able to follow the directions for making cheap and elegant bookcases and shoeboxes at home.—New York Journal.

According to the official reports of the Japanese government, the island empire contains 62,520 teachers.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. 50 cents per bottle.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, January 18.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 32 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 31½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.15 per bbl for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.40 per barrel for Hard, $1.90 for Dip and $1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine quiet, 25½, 25c; rosin firm, $1.45, $1.50; tar steady, 90c; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	119
Rosin	655
Tar	376
Crude Turpentine	1

Receipts same day last year.—79 casks spirits turpentine, 251 bbls rosin, 567 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 15-16 cts. ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼ " "
Low Middling	5 15-16 " "
Middling	5¼ " "
Good Middling	5½ " "

Same day last year, middling 6¼c.

Receipts—481 bales; same day last year, 961,

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, $5@40c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN.—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; nams, 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $8.00 to $8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 18.—Money on call easy at 2@2½ per cent., last loan 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 484½@484¾ for demand and 482½@482¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 483@483½ and 485½@486. Commercial bills 481¾. Silver certificates 56¼@58. Bar silver 56¾. Mexican dollars 45½. Government bonds irregular; U.S. new 4's, registered 128½; U. S. new 4's, coupon, 129½; U. S. 4's 112¼; U. S. 4's, coupon, 114½; U. S. 2's 100; U. S. 5's, registered, 113½; U. S. 5's, coupon, 114½. State bonds quiet. North Carolina 6's 125; North Carolina 4's 101.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 18.—Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 42½@1 47½. Spirits turpentine firm at 34½@34¾c.

CHARLESTON, January 18.—Spirits turpentine firm at 31½c; no sales. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 18.—Spirits turpentine firm at 32c, sales — casks; receipts 600 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,395 casks; receipts 5,813 barrels; quotations: A, B, C, D $1 20, E 1 25, F 1 25, G 1 40, H 1 70, I 1 80, K 1 90, M 2 00, N $2 10, W G, 2 30, W W 2 65.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 18.—Cotton quiet; middling 5¾c.

Cotton—the futures market closed easy, with sales to-day of 173,400 bales; January 5.61c., February 5.60c., March 5.63c., April 5.68c., May 5.71c., June 5.74c., July 5.78c., August 5.81c., September 5.83c., October 5.84c., November 5.87c.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 5¾c; middling gulf 6¼c; sales 1,041 bales.

Net receipts 500 bales; gross 5,750 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,857 bales; exports to France 2,623 bales; to the Continent 1,883 bales; forwarded 597 bales; sales 1,041 bales; sales to spinners 41 bales; stock 133,867 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 49,071 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,974 bales; to France 8,701 bales; to the Continent 11,462 bales; stock 1,309,991 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 137,646 bales; exports to Great Britain 47,338 bales; to France 9,526 bales; to the Continent 34,827 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 6,205,366 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,021,287 bales; to France 541,599 bales; to the Continent 1,656,809 bales.

January 18.—Galveston, steady at 5½, net receipts 6,298 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 5 7-16c, net receipts 2,388 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5½, net receipts 692 bales; Boston, dull at 5¾c, net receipts 1,426 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5¼c, net receipts 481 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6¼c, net receipts 193 bales; Savannah, quiet at 5 3-16c, net receipts 4,205 bales; New Orleans, easy at 5 3-16c, net receipts 21,159 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5¼c., net receipts 3,365 bales; Memphis, steady at 5 5-16c, net receipts 2,038 bales; Augusta, quiet at 5¼c, net receipts 1,563 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5¼c, net receipts 527 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 18.—Flour firm and fairly active on trade brands. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red $1 02; options opened firm on bullish cable news and ruled quiet but firm all day, with a few reactions supported by a moderate export inquiry, local covering and small offerings, closing ½@1c net higher; No. 2 red January closed $1 01⅞; May closed 93c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 34½c; options opened steady with wheat, but soon eased off under liberal receipts, disappointing heavy increase in Bradstreet's visible and liquidation, closing ¼c net lower; January closed 33½c; May closed 33¼c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 28½c; options were dull and nominal, closing unchanged; May closed 28½c. Lard steady; Western steam $5 00; May $5 20, nominal; refined steady; Continent $5 15. Butter steady; Western creamery 14½@20c; do. factory 11@15c; Elgins 20c; imitation creamery 13@17c; State dairy 13@18c; do. creamery 14@19c. Cheese quiet; large white September 8¾c. Cotton seed oil steady; prime crude 19@19½c; prime crude yellow 23@24c. Petroleum dull. Rice quiet. Molasses quiet. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No 7 invoice 6½c; jobbing 6¾c; mild quiet; Cordova 8½@15c. Sugar—raw strong; fair refining 3½c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4½c; refined steady.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—For the third day in succession wheat was influenced almost entirely by Liverpool. The sharp advance in that market as a result of unfavorable Argentine and India news caused an opening advance of half a cent in May and the advance was also shown at the close. A feature was the buying of July by the bull clique brokers and an advance of ½c in that option. Corn and oats were dull and closed a shade lower. Provisions made small advances and had the best trade in a week.

CHICAGO, January 18.—Cash quotations: Flour steadier. Wheat—No. 2 spring 87@87½c; No. 3 spring 80@91c; No. 2 red 92½@93c. Corn—No. 2, 26½@27c. Oats—No. 2, 23c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 24½c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 24@24½c. Rye—No. 2, 44½c. Mess pork, per barrel, $9 35@9 40. Lard, per 100 lbs., $4 65@4 67½. Short rib sides (loose) $4 52½@5 82½. Dry salted shoulders (boxed) $4 75@5 00. Short clear sides (boxed) $4 75@5 00. Whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, January 92½, 92¾, 92, 92½; May 91½, 91¾, 91, 91⅛@91½; July 81, 82¾, 81, 82¼c. Corn—January closed at 26½c; May 29½, 29½, 28¾, 28¼c; July 30½, 30¾, 29½, 29⅝c. Oats—May 23⅝, 23¾, 23⅜, 23½c; July 22½, 22¼, 22, 22c. Mess pork, per barrel, January closed at $9 35; May $9 45, 9 50, 9 42½, 9 47½. Lard, per 100 lbs.—January $4 70, 4 70, 4 62½, 4 65; May $4 77½, 4 72½, 4 75, 4 75; July $4 85, 4 87½, 4 82½, 4 82½. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January closed at $4 65; May $4 75, 4 75, 4 72½, 4 75.

BALTIMORE, January 18.—Flour inactive. Wheat dull; spot, month and February, 97 to 97½c; May 93¾ to 93¾c; steamer No. 2 red 92½ to 92½c; Southern wheat by sample 93 to 98c; do on grade 93 to 97½c. Corn dull; spot, month and February 32½ to 32½c; steamer mixed 30½ to 30¾c; Southern white corn 29 to 29½c; do yellow 28 to 33c. Oats quiet but firm; No. 2 white 29½ to 30c; No. 2 mixed 28c.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, January 18.—4 P. M. Cotton—Spot in moderate demand and prices lower. American middling fair 3 19-32d; good middling 3 5-16d; middling 3 3-16d; low middling 3 1-32d; good ordinary 2½d; ordinary 2 23-32d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 9,500 American. Receipts 11,100 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet with a poor demand and closed easy. American middling (l m c): January 3 8-64d buyer; January and February 3 7-64 to 3 8-64d seller; February and March 3 7-64 to 3 8-64d seller; March and April 3 8-64d seller; April and May 3 8-64 to 3 9-64d buyer; May and June 3 9-64 to 3 10-64d seller; June and July 3 10-64 to 3 11-64 seller; July and August 3 11-64 to 3 12-64d seller; August and September 3 12-64d buyer; September and October 3 13-64d seller; October and November 3 13-64 to 3 14-64d seller; November and December 3 14-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Oneida, 1091 tons, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

Schr Mattie A Franklin, 489 tons, McDonald, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

CLEARED.

Steamship Onieda, 1091 tons, Staples, Georgetown, H G Smallbones.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 19, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

Mattie A Franklin, 489 tons, McDonald, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Nettie Shipman, 288 tons, Raynor, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Robert F Bratton, 68 tons, Georgetown, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Dora Allison, 323 tons, Sooy, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Emma S, 63 tons, Cahoon, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Edna and Emma, 174 tons, Richardson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Isaiah K Stetson, 298 tons, Trask, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Sadie C Sumner, 387 tons, Sumner, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Nimrod, 257 tons, Green, Jas. T. Riley & Co.

Clara, 281 tons, Hatch, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Jotun (Nor.), 525 tons, Bentsen, East London, Africa, Paterson, Downing & Co.

BRIGS.

M. C. Haskell, 350 tons, Wingfield, Geo. Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Lucina (Br) 1689 tons, Creese, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Morven (Br.) 2,360 tons, Ellis, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

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Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

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WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

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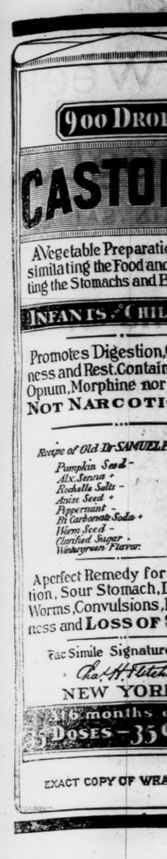
Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf



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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Women Won.

For the first time in the history of the colony of Victoria, Australia, women have been placed on the Melbourne hospital staff. There were six vacancies to fill, and the two women candidates stood among the first six in point of merit, according to the result of the examination. There was a warm discussion over the proposed innovation in the appointing committee. One member averred that the medical staff did not like it; that the matron did not like it, and that even the nurses and the patients did not like it. But the appointments were made by a vote of 13 to 5.

Helen Keller.

Helen Keller, the marvelous deaf, dumb and blind girl, will enter the preparatory school for Radcliffe college at the beginning of the fall term. This decision was reached recently by Dr. Gilman, principal of the Gilman Training school for Radcliffe, who for some time has had under consideration the proposiiton made to him by Miss Annie Sullivan, the lifelong friend and teacher of Helen, that her young charge be admitted to the elementary course that is the introductory step in securing the honors of an academic degree.

A Recent Bride.

Soft corded woolen material was recently worn by a New York bride who had an intense desire to wear something different from the inevitable white silk or satin. It is true it was destined to be worn with a white felt hat, feathers and roses. The front of the waist was made full, with a lisse fichu tied in a large bow in front, just above a high white sash, fastened with a brilliant diamond buckle.

To Mark Her Lingerie.

Fashion has declared that the monogram or single initial is no longer sufficient to mark milady's lingerie. Instead, her Christian name must be embroidered in wash linens on every one of her dainty garments, and, to be absolutely correct, it must be a facsimile of her own handwriting.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

takes married women through the whole period of pregnancy in safety and comfort. It is used externally and it relaxes the muscles so that there is no discomfort. It prevents and relieves morning sickness, headache and rising breasts, shortens labor and preserves the mother's girlish form.

At a bottle at druggists.

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The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

ELSIE'S GRANDMOTHER.

Though her noble features seem
The embodiment of rest,
Like the saints of whom we dream
In the heaven of the blest,
Yet she's weary! Many a day
Has she marched with life's gay throng;
Those she loved have dropped away—
Why must she live on so long?

Wearied of unrighted wrongs;
Frightened by the world's dark frown;
Life's last act is done; she longs
For the curtain to go down.
Slowly with each peaceful breath
Days and years crept toward their sum,
Yet she never asks for death;
When God wills it, let it come.

Dearest, are you near the end?
Are your loved ones dying fast?
Have you not one little friend
Who will love you to the last?
Oh, when life's great eddying whirl
Leaves me stranded somewhere, too,
May I have some little girl
To love me as I love you!

—Robert Beverly Hale in Youth's Companion.

A REDEEMING ACT.

Dave was a coward, and he had always borne the reputation of arrant cowardice ever since he had crawled over the side of his dugout cradle to wallow along with the underfoot world on the white sand before his parents' cabin door. Though country born and bred, a passing thunderstorm struck him with terror, and the sight of the black waters of the "crick" caused a remarkable agitation of his knees. He was a coward pure and simple. The bristling of a coon routed him unconditionally, and a determined possum could rob the henroost before his very face. Indeed, Dave was a coward, and his cousin, Sue Spivey, laughed uproariously when the poor fellow perpetrated his initial and only act of boasting. He had said to her one day very solemnly and no doubt sincerely:

"Toe purtec yo' honah an happiness I 'nd th'ow away my wuthless life."

Ordinarily Dave's speech was unpolished and provincial, but on this occasion it rose to the dignity of what he felt the occasion demanded.

Sue knew full well his timorous disposition and would have thought it safe to count on his poltroonery in any event. But a day was sadly near which proved to her the full worth of the poor fellow's grandiloquent assertion.

Long before the late unpleasantness and until this day Honeypath was only a siding, where occasional trains took water and passed each other. Two or three log shanties, without special pretensions to any architectural dissimilarity, marked the site of the town, distinguishing it from the vast area of impenetrable swamp that backed it and the arid waste of sandy bottom through which the glistening, polished rails of the grand trunk line writhed and sinuated. Along that glowing metal highway troops of both armies passed and repassed, gazed at curiously by the few old women and senile males left in the village, but exciting no other emotion than a blank curiosity that died out even before the white mist of the fine sand stirred by the soldiers' feet had settled behind the retreating bands.

Dave was a native of Honeypath and lived with an aged father in one of the shanties. Sue dwelt with her mother in another near by. Dave's father was a hot blooded southerner, whose patriotism answered to the first call to arms, but Dave was timid, fearful of the smell of powder and refrained from action, preferring to suffer the opprobrious epithets which were liberally bestowed upon him and the contempt of the county generally to facing he knew not what horror upon the battlefield. He was not a philosopher and could not plead in extenuation of his neutrality that the martial slaughter of his brother man was a crime and that the wholesale sacrifice of human life was immoral.

Dave was simply a coward and accepted meekly the obloquy which the condition imposed, not even the taunts and cutting sarcasm of pretty Sue Spivey being able to rouse the instincts of battle in his craven soul.

Before the strife ended Sue's mother was gathered to her final rest, being put out of sight in the little sandy graveyard, with only the comment of the two remaining neighbors. And then Dave and Sue toiled early and late in order to wring from the starving acres an unvaried livelihood of yams, corn bread and bacon, more often the corn bread without the embellishment of potatoes and bacon, particularly during the weeks after a hungry foraging party had passed that way.

One day Dave was working among the young potato vines in an open arid field behind the cabin, when Sue ran out to him in troubled haste.

"Oh, Dave, I'm pow'ful skeered!" she panted.

"Skeered o' what?" he asked, without intermission of the bent labor.

"Some—some soldiers just went down the road, an they spoke to me—sassy like." She hesitated, and Dave looked up to see her pretty face scarlet and her brows bent together in angry lines.

"Well, what did they all say?" he demanded in his accustomed slow drawl after waiting in vain for her to proceed.

"They 'lowed they all was a-comin back."

"Who was they ennyhow?" he asked uneasily, his face blanching in anticipation of the martial visit.

"They was Mosby's men, I 'lowed, an they was five of 'em."

"Our fellers?" a little surprised and straightening his back. "Come on back to the house, Sue," and, shouldering his hoe, he trudged stolidly on before. "Don't you be skeered," he continued as they reached the yard. "I reckon they won't do nothin."

Of the two it would have been manifest to the most casual observer that he was the worst "skeered," but he walked on till they reached the house, and Sue cried out:

"Yonder they come now—all five."

Dave's face blanched to a sallow whiteness, but he pulled her quickly inside the door.

"What you gwine to do?" Sue asked nervously, keeping near her cousin, but he apparently did not hear. He had taken down a rifle that had belonged to Sue's brother, who had also offered up his life on the altar of the cause, leaving his weapon to his sister as a means of defense in just such emergencies as this.

"What you gwine to do, Dave?" the girl persisted, coming closer and laying her hand on his arm. Dave shook several cartridges into the cylinder of the winchester and waited in silence, apparently not aware that Sue had touched him. Only a few more moments to wait and then the last act in the commonplace little tragedy. A loud pounding at the rickety cabin door and a derisive, imperative voice demanded:

"Hi, in there, open up, or we'll make splinters of yer ole door." The threat was garnished by several strong expletives and accompanied with more vicious pounding.

Then for answer went the spiteful snap of the winchester, followed by a surprised howl of pain, more volubla profanity and footsteps in rapid retreat.

Dave went to the window, and though a knothole in the shutter reviewed the situation of the enemy. Then though the aperture the rifle again spoke with decisive, leaden emphasis, and when the smoke cleared away the man inside beheld one of the besiegers lying prone across the freshly hoed potato rows, while another limped painfully in the rear of the retreating trio.

In the short silence that followed the last shot the arid topography of Honeypath seemed to flash before Dave's vision, each peculiarity standing out strong and clear. The fine, white sand, covered everywhere with fat leaved prickly pear and cactus that bloomed perpetually in big butter colored flowers; the bright, blazing sky, the heat that rose up and hung heavily over man and beast, the many insects that sat out in the furnacelike sun, rattling shrilly with very joy. Then the dense shade of the murky shadowed swamp and the big scaly back scorpions and dainty multicolored lizards that played an eternal game of hide and seek among the rotting rails of the old snake fence.

The trio had disappeared into the swamp, and Dave calmly refilled his rifle, waiting as though lost in thought. Presently from the rear of the cabin came the harsh command:

"You cowardly bushwhacker in there, come out an fight like a man! If ye don't, we'll burn ye an yer shanty an the gal with ye."

There was no opening in the rear of the cabin, the logs were thick and the chinks were well stopped with clay, so that Dave could not return a leaden answer to this brutal challenge. He fingered the rifle nervously and looked at Sue.

"Oh, Dave, don't open the door," she pleaded, meeting the earnest look bent on her face from beneath the brim of Dave's frouzy slouch hat, "I ain't afeered toe burn."

His lips blanched, his knees were wobbly with fear, but he had not forgotten the one boast of his poor, pinched life, uttered so long ago. "Toe purtec' yo' honah an happiness I 'ud throw away my wuthless life." He uttered the words again monotonously, fingering the rifle that was held limply in his shaking hands.

Poor Sue! There was no answering laughter in her soul now for those grotesquely sententious words which broke in husky monotone on her hearing like a last prayer.

In that moment Dave, who had always been a coward, who had all his life long borne meekly the scorn and opprobrium attached to the character, he whom heretofore nothing could arouse to a sense of his degradation, calmly arose to the very pinnacle of heroism.

"I'm coming out," he called and shooting back the bolt he stood on the cabin step before them.

"Fall back and give him a show; he's coming out, boys!" She clung to him, pleading: "Dave, don't! There's four to one. Don't go!" But he pushed her gently backward into the room.

"Bolt the door behind me!" he said and passed out.

Sue stood motionless in the center of the room waiting for it to begin. Dave pulled the trigger of his gun and turned the corner and instantly four weapons barked with one voice.

Sue heard something heavy fall against the side of the cabin; then instantly the sharp, clear utterance of a winchester answered the carbines again and still again. One carbine only answered; then all was still; only the fretful warbling of a wren in the nearby Cherokee rose hedge breaking the tense silence of the drowsy afternoon hush.

Anxiety conquering terror, Sue drew back the bolt, throwing the door wide open. A broad stream of yellow light and a rush of heat met her, passing over a figure on its knees that always trembled at the sight of deep water. Dave was gasping his last breath. Bleeding and shattered, he crept to her feet, after the manner of a faithful dog, to die. In the grave gray eyes that were raised to hers there was the light of the exaltation of a passing spirit, triumphant over the shadow of death which already darkened them. His lips moved in the contortion of a smile that broke into an articulate murmur.

"I done said that toe purtec' yo' honah and happiness I would th'ow away my wuthless life—an I done hit."

And Dave, with the crimson glory of his "wuthless life's" blood streaming from many wounds, passed to the judgment reserved for him from the beginning of all things.

The wren shivered out her fragmentary song to heaven, the perfume of the Cherokee rose filled the air of the fading day, and the setting sun, streaming through the cabin door, touched the still figure of Dave, wrapping him in molten splendor as though with the face of a dying god.

Poor Dave! Though a coward all his life long, he had earned the reward of heroism at the very end. "Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friend."—Detroit Journal.

No question is ever settled until it is settled right. That is the reason why the woman question in the northern Methodist church will not down. Sooner or later the same issue will confront the southern church.—Hearne (Tex.) Advocate.

Sometimes, even in the best regulated kitchen, pots boil over. Either salt or coffee grounds sprinkled on the stove immediately will prevent the odor from spreading through the house.

Japanned trays may be cleaned by rubbing with clear olive oil. After the oil has been applied the trays should be vigorously rubbed with a flannel cloth.

Mothers, watch your little daughters and prevent the first tendency to stooping. It is, as physicians will tell you, a short cut to consumption.

WANTED—THREE THOUSAND WIVES.

A City on Vancouver Island Where Women Are at a Premium.

There is a city in the western part of Canada, close to the Pacific ocean, which is named by all who visit it the most desolate spot upon the face of the earth. Its climate is good, its natural resources excellent, its houses fair, its streets well paved, yet within this town there is an air of forlorn dejection that strikes the most careless traveler that comes within its boundary.

It is on Vancouver island—a sweet, fair spot. And the desolation is caused by one thing—one only—the lack of women and girls.

This particular town is scarcer of the product than others of its locality. There are many towns upon the island, but this one lacks women so sadly that in a recent census of the place it was found nearly 3,000 short. This number included a count of serving women, women to do the work of the house, cook and wash and iron. It also included working girls and women who are not expected to marry. And, of course, it took in the queens of the city, the fair matrons of the homes and the mistresses of the pretty establishments.

Today the doorsteps of these houses yawn vacantly and the vines fluttering over the portals seem to say, "She comes not yet."

The greatest bargain sale of wives ever known took place upon a recently opened domain a few years ago. A frantic call was sent to the cities for 100 women. And poor girls, out of fun and curiosity and willingness to have a home, went out there. The men met them at the station. The girls looked them over shyly. By evening all the girls had found boarding places in the wooden shanties of the "town." And by Sunday the parson was kept busy tying the nuptial knots. The prettiest girls and the richest ones got the wealthiest men. A girl with $50 was an heiress and a man with $100 a prince. The plain girls took up with poor fellows, with hopes and chances. It was a quick, natural selection.

One very handsome fellow, with blond curls, got a very pretty girl, though neither had a cent. It was a case of beauty. The rude courtship was carried on in the three evenings between the time the girls arrived and Sunday, and within a week there were nearly 100 small wooden houses going up in the town.

There is no name for this peculiar state of society where women are wanted to make homes and where money is laid down for them and paid to them to queen it over a home. A glaring headline in an English paper once called it "The Barter of Women In America." But among those who see the satisfactory after workings it is merely the good natured consent of the girls to adjust themselves to their country, which is yet new enough not to be as evenly distributed as it will be when the twenty-first century man and woman come in.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and tak no other.

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A Complete and Varied Stock of Fresh Groceries.

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Excellent Seed Oats.

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1898 1898

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Respectfully,

A. D. BROWN.

No. 29 North Front Street.

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ON AND AFTER SEPT 27TH, TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 P. M. 8.30 P. M.
Leave Ocean View at 8.00 A. M. and 5.00 P. M

SUNDAY TRAIN

Leave Wilmington at 2.30 P. M. and 6.00 P. M.
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Superintendent.

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VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:40 P. M., Maxton 6:12 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:41 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:03 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M., Rockingham 7:39 P. M., Wadesboro 8:11 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., Athens 3:45 A. M., and Atlanta 6:30 A. M. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:10 P. M., Richmond 8:56 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M. Arrives Weldon 11:10 P. M., Raleigh 2.07 A. M., Sanford 3:35 A. M., Hamlet 5:10 A. M., Rockingham 5:23 A. M., Wadesboro 5:54 A. M., Monroe 6:45 A. M., Charlotte 7:50 A. M., Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11.18 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:15 P. M., Atlanta 3:20 P. M. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1:00 P. M. Arrives Athens 3:16 P. M., Monroe 9:30 P. M. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 P. M., arrives Shelby 5:55 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8.18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M., Wadesboro 10:31 P. M., Rockingham 11:05 P. M., Hamlet 11:30 P. M., Sanford 1:02 A. M., Raleigh 2:16 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:18 A. M., Washington 12:31 noon. Pullman Sleepers, Atlanta to Washington and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M., arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 7:00 A. M., arrives Hamlet 7:50 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M., arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M., arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect November 28th, 1897.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 22 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 27 "
Leave Sanford	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 20 "
Leave Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 17 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 15 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 26 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 15 "
Leave Climax	4 25 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 10 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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CROATAN.....Tuesday, Jan. 11
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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect January 17, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.08 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.05 A. M., Wilson 12.55 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.40 P. M., Tarboro 2.45 P. M., Weldon 4.38 P. M., Petersburg 6.28 P. M., Richmond 7.15 P. M., Norfolk 6.05 P. M., Washington 11.30 P.N. Baltimore 1.06 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 8.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 P. M., Warsaw 9.10 P. M., Goldsboro 10.10 P. M., Wilson 11.06 P. M., †Tarboro 6.45 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.57 P. M., Weldon 1.40 A. M., †Norfolk 10.30 A. M., Petersburg 3.14 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.41 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.25 A. M., New York 2.58 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.18 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 P. M., Chadbourn 5.41 P. M., Marion 6.43 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.10 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 5.25 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.08 P. M., *New York 9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 †A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 8.40 †A. M., Weldon 11.52 A. M., Tarboro 12.12 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.47 P. M., Wilson 2.37 P. M., Goldsboro 3.20 P. M., Warsaw 4.11 P. M., Magnolia 4.24 P. M.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 4.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.45 P. M., †Tarboro 6.01 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.39 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.53 A. M. Magnolia 8.05 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.20 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.27 P. M., Jacksonville 7.40 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Columbia 6.00 A. M., Atlanta 8.20 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Sumter 8.08 A. M., Florence 9.58 A. M., Marion 10.36 A. M., Chadbourn 11.38 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 1209. P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.30 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 A. M.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8.30 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 P. M.; arrives Nashville 5.05 P. M., Spring Hope 5.20 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 A. M., Nashville 8.35 A. M.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, Daily except Sunday, at 11.20 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M.; arrive Latta 10.26 A. M., Dillon 10.38 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.15 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.46 P. M., Pee Dee 7.10 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.43 A. M.; arrive Conway 2.05 P. M.; leave Conway 2.45 P. M., Chadbourn 5.45 P. M.; arrive Hub 6.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.27 P. M., Manning 6.58 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.36 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.39 A. M., Manning 9.08 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.37 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 3.30 A. M., 7.55 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.14 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3 P. M. arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M., 5.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.55 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.28 A. M., Cheraw 11.40 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Hartsville 9.21 P. M., Bennettsville 9.21 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only at 9.55 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.27 A. M., Hartsville 11.10 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except sunday at 6.35 A. M., Bennettsville 6.59 A. M., arrive

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING JAN. 19

AN ANTI-JEWISH CRUSADE.

Assuming Menacing Proportions in Many Towns in France---The Government Seriously Alarmed.

PARIS, January 18.—During the day the Socialists issued a violent manifesto, exhorting the country to make no distinction between Hebrew capitalists and Catholic capitalists.

There was much agitation in the Latin quarter, but the police barred the bridges and all attempted demonstrations were suppressed.

The organized committee of yesterday's meeting at the Tivoli Vauxhall has decided to hold another meeting on Saturday next iu the Latin quarter and a public demonstration on Sunday afternoon in the place De La Concorde.

Meanwhile the effervescence increases in the provinces. Shops of Jews at Nantes have been stoned. M. Clemenceau' paper, the *Aurore*, was publicly burned in front of the military club at Bordeaux, where serious disorders took place. The police were roughly handled and the guards finally charged the mob. Thirty-two arrests have been made.

Telegrams from most of the large towns show that the anti-Jewish crusade is assuming most menacing proportions.

The Government is seriously alarmed. Another strong attempt, it is said, will be made in the Chamber of Deputies on Saturday to overthrow the cabinet.

TREASURE LADEN MINERS.

Discovery of the Great Mother Lode in the Klondike Confirmed by Recent Arrivals.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SEATTLE, WASH., January 18.—The news brought by the treasure laden miners who have arrived from the Klondike on the steamer Corona is important chiefly in that it is confirmatory of the discovery of the great mother lode. Welch, Coffin and Burt are authority for the statement that the original strike was made at the upper end of claim No. 30, Eldorado, while two stringers, one at No. 27 and another yet lower down, were subsequently located. Throughout the district the discovery is accepted as assurance of the permanency of the district as a rich gold mining field. Power creek, an affluent of Quartz creek, has been having a boom, pans of $3.75 and $4 being a common thing.

One of the first men to stake ground on Eldorado and the very last man out of the Klondike country is Andrew Olsen, known as "The Big Swede." He is notable as being the owner of the claim on which the biggest Klondike nugget has yet been found. The lump of gold was valued at $586.

GERMANY AND CHINA.

A Settlement of the Difficulty Effected---Terms of the Agreement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—A cable dispatch has just been received at the Chinese legation from the Tsking Li Yamen, Pekin, to the following effect: "A settlement of the difficulty with Germany has been effected. Kiao Chou bay is to be leased, a belt surrounding the bay extending 100 li (about thirty miles) to be the boundary. All the German troops outside the prescribed limits are to be withdrawn. Two of the culprits who murdered the missionaries, are to be punished with death and the others with imprisonment.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

Cotton Dull in All Grades---Spot Trade Fairly Active.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 18.—There was less activity in the dry goods district to-day than yesterday. The usual Tuesday quietude was noticeable. Cotton goods continued dull in all grades. The buyers were slower to take hold of staple goods and prints than was to be expected under the circumstances. It is beyond doubt that there is a tendency on the part of buyers to underestimate the effects of the Eastern strike or at least they do not believe that these effects will be speedy. In local jobbing the spot trading was fairly active, although mail orders were slow and small.

STANLY COUNTY BOND SUIT.

Injunction Granted by Judge Simonton of the U. S. Circuit Court.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 18.—In the United States Circuit Court here to-day Judge Simonton granted Charles Price, counsel for Coler & Co., bankers of New York, an injunction in the Stanly county, North Carolina, bond suit. The injunction will, for the present at least, put an end to the repudiation of bonds issued by Stanly and other counties for railroad building purposes.

The case has already been before the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and has attracted much attention all over that State.

WARM WIRELETS

Great Britain has again declined to re-open the sealing question.

J. C. Melton has been appointed a fourth class postmaster at Mack, N. C.

Senor Nicolini, husband of Adalina Patti, the prima donna, died yesterday at Pau, France.

It is asserted that the British government has decided to ask Parliament to sanction an increase of the army by 15,000 men.

There were further street riots yesterday between the Czechs and the Germans, in Prague and the streets were patrolled by troops.

The west-bound Overland train jumped the track near Colfax, Cal., wrecking the train badly. The engineer, fireman and one brakeman were killed.

The hundred thousand operatives in all six of the New England States are watching the contest in New Bedford, Saco add Biddeford very closely. There is no change in the situation.

The Senate committee of the Ohio Legislature began its investigation into the charges of bribery, made by Representative Otis, during the recent Senatorial contest. Members of the House committee, appointed to investigate the same charges, were invited to be present, but they did not participate.

IN THE MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

First Ballot Taken for U. S. Senator to Succeed Hon. Arthur P. Gorman.

THERE WAS NO ELECTION.

Great Bitterness and Dissension in the Ranks of the Republicans---A Bare Possibility That Gorman May Succeed Himself.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., January 18.—The first ballot in the Maryland Legislature for a successor to Arthur P. Gorman in the United States Senate was taken to-day, each branch balloting separately, with the following result: McComas, 34; Shaw, 11; Shryock, 3; Findlay, 2; Parran, 6; Mullikin, 1; Barber, 6; Urner, 1; Gorman, 43; Lowndes, 1; Page, 1. Total, 109. Absent—Republicans, 2; Democrats, 6. Necessary to a choice, 55.

The candidates are Judge Louis E. McComas, of Washington connty; Major Alexander Shaw, Gen. Thomas Shryock, ex-Congressman John V. L. Findlay, all of Baltimore county; Thomas Parran, Col. J. C. Mullikin, Congressman Isaac A. Barber and Milton Gurner.

Senator Gorman is the Democratic caucus nominee and Judge Henry Page received the vote of the Democrat who refused to abide by the decision of the caucus, because he believed the "Eastern shore" is entitled to the senatorship. But one ballot was taken and this leaves the situation as much involved in uncertainty as it was before the voting began.

The preliminary skirmishing has been attended with great bitterness and dissension in the ranks of the Republicans who have a considerable majority in both Houses. These dissensions have rendered it impossible to bring about a Republican caucus and there seems to be little probability that this method of settling the dispute will be resorted to in the near future. The first break in the Republican ranks came two weeks ago, when eleven members of the House of Delegates from Baltimore City refused to caucus on the speakership and by effecting a coalition with the Democrats, elected one of their own number to that office.

Without at least two of their number, the Republicans are powerless to elect any one, and with the aid of the Democratic vote, the "faithful eleven," as they have been termed, may at any time elect a man of their own choosing or cause a deadlock until the end of the session, thereby creating a vacancy in the United States Senate after March 4th, 1899, when Senator Gorman's term expires.

There are many who believe that it may yet be possible for Senator Gorman to succeed himself, if he can carry the next Legislative election in November, 1899. This possibility is, however, admitted by the Democratic leaders to be a very remote one, and they are looking to the problem of further dividing the Republican ranks by aiding in the election of a man who is not the choice of the majority of his party.

Judge McComas is regarded as the candidate of the State administration, and his cause has been earnestly espoused by United States Senator Wellington and those who have been affiliated with him in the recent party contests.

Governor Lowndes has withdrawn from the race, but there is a possibility that he may get in it again. There is also a possibility that Postmaster General James A. Gary may be heard from in this way at no very distant day, although he, too, has disavowed his candidacy.

Although not an avowed candidate it is certain that Mayor Malsted would not be averse to wearing the toga, and there is talk here to-night concerning the possibility of another coalition between the Democrats and the "faithful eleven" for the purpose of electing the leader of the anti-organization wing of the Republican party.

Balloting will be resumed to-morrow at noon, this time in joint session, and will be continued until a result is reached.

THE CUBAN SITUATION

Not Regarded as Warranting a Change in the Attitude of the United States Government,

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon Consul General Lee cabled from Havana that all was quiet there at that hour.

The Cuban situation was briefly alluded to in the cabinet meeting to-day and was not regarded as warranting any change in the attitude of our government.

Minister de Lome has written the State Department denying the truth of the report that the customs officers of Havana have thrown obstacles in the way of landing the supplies sent from the United States for the Cuban sufferers. The State Department is satisfied that, regardless of any difficulty that may have been experienced, there will be no trouble from now on in promptly placing in General Lee's possession for immediate distribution any supplies that reach Havana harbor in the regular order.

Senor Dupuy de Lome has received the following cablegram:

HAVANA, January 18, 10 A. M.—Public order has been re-established and the city is in its normal condition, without the slightest fear of any alteration. I will discontinue my daily reports. CONGOSTO.

HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

Senator Morgan Continued His Speech in Senate Executive Session.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—Senator Morgan occupied the attention of the Senate during the entire time of the executive session to-day in the presentation of his views of the subject of the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. This was the second instalment of the Senator's speech, and when he concluded a few minutes after 5 o'clock he had not then reached the end. He dwelt especially upon the military importance of the islands, quoting General Schofield and Captain Mahan at length in support of his position that the islands were a natural outpost for the United States and necessary to the proper protection of our western boundary.

GOOD TIMES have come to those whom Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured of scrofula, catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak nerves, or some other form of impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient. †

CUBAN QUESTION IN THE HOUSE.

Resolution Recognizing the Insurgents as Belligerents Presented by a Democrat.

EXCITED DEBATE FOLLOWED.

Speech of DeArmond, of Missouri, in Advocacy of Recognition---Point of Order Against the Resolution Sustained.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—To day's open session of the Senate was brief. Practically the only business accomplished aside from the routine proceedings was the passage of the Deficiency Appropriation bill. The measure as finally passed by the Senate carries $1,913,810. The Teller resolution providing that bonds of the United States may be paid in standard silver dollars was favorably reported by a majority of the finance committee and notice given that it would be called up at an early date. An effort was made to fix a time for the final vote on the pending Census bill but it was abandoned until to-morrow.

Senator Daniel, of Virginia, secured the adoption of a resolution directing the Secretary of State to supply the Senate any information his department has respecting the killing of Frank Epps, a sailor of the United States steamship Olympia, by Japanese subjects in the harbor of Nagasaki, Japan, in December, 1897, and to inform the Senate if any steps have been taken looking to reparation.

The resolution presented to the Senate yesterday calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for the reasons why the $11,000,000 interest due the United States from Pacific railroads had been dropped from his statement, which went over under objection, was agreed to.

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, called up his resolution calling for an investigation by the Pension Committee as to the authority of the Commissioner of Patents to promulgate an order that no consideration should be given to applications for pensions within twelve months after the last ap plication had been made.

Senator Gallinger, chairman of the Pension Committee, announced that he believed the resolution to be entirely proper and it was agreed to.

The Senate, at 1.10 o'clock, went into executive session, and at 4.35 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

Cuba had a hearing in the House today and for a time it looked as if parliamentary precedents would be set aside and the Senate resolution recognizing the insurgents as belligerents would be attached as a rider to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill, Mr. DeArmond, a Missouri Democrat, precipitated the issue by offering the resolution as an amendment, but a point of order against it was sustained. The Army bill was passed.

The Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill was called up by Mr. Hitt, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. The bill carries $7190,008, an increase of $33,700 over the law for the current year. It was decided at the conclusion of Mr. Hitt's explanation to postpone the general debate until the bill had been read by paragraphs.

As soon as the enacting clause had been read Mr. DeArmond, Democrat, Missouri, offered an amendment to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. Mr. Hitt raised the point of order that the amendment was new legislation and obnoxious to the rules of the House.

Mr. DeArmond, speaking to the point of order, said he fully understood the rules of the House, which were designed to suppress, when desired, the will of the House. The chairman of the Foreign Affairs committee, might, he said, feel constrained to raise this point of order but he reminded the House that there still resided in its judgment the power at any time, at any place, on any bill, to place what the House believed should be there.

For months, he declared, those in control of the House had declined to allow the House to consider what the people of the country, without regard to party, desired, namely that Congress consider and act upon this question of recognizing the belligerency of the struggling patriots in Cuba. When the people of the country felt as they did, it was the duty of members to override these petty little rules which had been used to suppress action. The newspapers were filled daily with harrowing tales of starvation and cruelty in Cuba. Should we emulate the example of Nero, who fiddled while Rome burned, and sit supinely and indifferently by when men almost within sight of our shores were fighting valorously for principles as holy as patriots ever espoused or heroes ever defended. He taunted the Republicans with being subservient to those who desired to prevent action on this question.

Further inaction, he insisted, was a disgrace to American manhood. The autonomy offered by Spain, he declared, was a revolting mockery, a sham and delusion. He warned the other side that the question could not be evaded or dodged; that with this opportunity before them they could not go back to their constituents and plead the rules as an excuse for non-action. If we were proceeding to denounce the administration for following the example of its predecessor in sending to the United States navy to hunt down the sympathizers with the struggling Cubans.

Mr. Sibley, Republican, Indiana, and Mr. Hitt, both called the attention of the chair to the fact that Mr. DeArmond was not discussing the point of order.

Mr. DeArmond said he well understood this but he would not flinch from his purpose. He would say no more. If the point of order was sustained he declared that it was his purpose to appeal from the decision of the chair and give the House the opportunity to determine this question for itself. He felt constrained to do this, he said, out of a sense of public duty.

Mr. Baily, the Democratic leader, re-enforced the views of Mr. DeArmond in forcible speech, arguing that a position to recognize a state of war in Cuba was certainly germane to this bill. Had been his purpose, he said, to have moved the Senate Cuban belligerency resolution as an amendment. The climax of his speech came when he dramatically offered to withdraw the amendment if Mr. Hitt, the chairman of the Foreign Affairs committee, would give assurances that the Senate resolution would receive consideration within a reasonable time.

The Democrats applauded this challenge to the echo. He paused to await Mr. Hitt's answer, but Mr. Hitt did not rise.

"The gentleman," (Hitt) added Mr. Bailey, "was silent as the Republican party on this question."

Again the Democrats cheered and the galleries also applauded. Then Mr. Hitt rose, but instead of replying to Mr. Bay's challenge he called the attention of the Chair to the fact that Mr. Baily was not discussing the point of order. "It is an attempt to have two general debates," said he. The Democrats jeered this statement.

Mr. Hepburn, in the chair, then sustained the point of order, whereupon Mr. DeArmond, in order to get the question before the House in a better form, offered the Senate Cuban resolution as an amendment, and when it was overruled made his appeal from the decision of the Chair.

By this time the greatest excitement prevailed in the House. The galleries had filled to overflowing; messengers had been sent scurrying to all quarters of the Capitol to summon Republicans who were absent from the hall. It was evident that there was fear on the part of the House managers that the House might be carried off its feet on this first occasion of the test of the sentiment toward Cuba.

The House managers made their fight for regularity of proceeding. The Speaker, who was in the lobby, came into the hall and helped to rally his followers. Mr. Dingley, the floor-leader of the majority, took the floor. He characterized Mr. DeArmond's appeal from the decision of the chair as a most extraordinary proposition. It was a proposition to over-ride the rules, he said, and establish a new mode of procedure and to destroy the orderly transaction of business. Mr. Dingley appealed to his side of the House to sustain the rules of the House. Partisan spirit was running at fever heat and the Republicans indicated their support by warm manifestations of approval.

Mr. DeArmond got the floor again and in reply urged members on both sides of the House to vote "to free this House for one hour from a dominion so absolute that it was impossible to get consideration for any matter, no matter how important or urgent, without the consent of those in authority in the House. "It seems," he added ironically, "to be our loftiest duty to observe the petty shifting rules of the House, no matter where they lead or what the exigencies of the time demand."

Mr. DeArmond declared that no code of rules should violate the plain dictates of humanity and decency.

Mr. Henderson, Republican, of Iowa, a member of the Rules Committee, answered with spirit and much evidence of feeling. He said the Missouri member (DeArmond) was again lecturing the House. He was interrupted by Mr. DeArmond and the colloquy was fast and furious as to the alleged promises that the new code of rules would be presented.

The confusion redoubled as the debate proceeded, many members contending for the floor, while in front of the Speaker's desk was crowded. A brief clash occurred between Mr. Bailey and Mr. Dingley on the procedure in the present case.

Mr. Lewis, Democrat, Washington, gave a breathing spell by making a long speech on precedents favorable to the Cuban amendment.

Mr. Fleming, Democrat, Georgia, declared that while he was in favor of acknowledging the independence of Cuba, he had sworn to support the rules of the House and he could not bring himself to vote to overthrow them. These remarks earned for him several rounds of applause from the Republican side,

Immediately a break occurred in the Republican ranks when Mr. Colson, Republican, of Kentucky, denounced the inaction of the House on the Cuban resolution and the applause was transferred to the Democratic side. This was short-lived though, as Mr. Colson concluded his remarks by declaring that he should vote to uphold the decision of the chair. "But I warn my Republican friends," he added, "that we have delayed too long the recognition of the insurgents. If we do not act we will be swept out of power. And if we are not given the opportunity to act, I, for one, will join any revolutionary tactics in order to cast my vote for Cuban independence." [General applause.]

When Mr. Hitt moved to close debate on the pending paragraph, Mr. Bailey attempted to make the point of order that the question was on the appeal and not on the paragraph, and that Mr. Hitt's motion was not in order, but Mr. Hepburn, who was in the chair, held that Mr. Bailey's point of order came too late.

There was no break in party lines on this motion, which was sustained—153 to 119. Speaker Reed marched between the tellers with the majority.

The question then recurred on the appeal from the decision of the chair. A solitary Democrat—Fleming, of Georgia—voted with the Republicans to sustain the chair. No Republicans voted with the minority. The chair was sustained—152 to 114.

No applause marked the announcement. The clerk proceeded with the reading, but at the next paragraph appropriating $175,000 for ambassadors to Great Britain, Germany and France Mr. Williams, Democrat, Mississippi, moved an amendment to appropriate $5,000 for an envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the Republic of Cuba. The Democrats cheered.

Mr. Hitt raised the point of order that the amendment also was a change of existing law.

Mr. Williams argued that as there was no law on the subject, this could not be a change in the existing law.

Upon this amendment, also, Mr. DeArmond urged the members to assert themselves and overrule the rules. If the Republicans did not, he said, they must accept the responsibility.

"In the presence of your master, ruler and leader," he shouted, "in whose presence you scarcely dare to think, I ask you to give freedom and liberty to Cuba or meet your outraged constituency. Let us see which course you will follow?" (Uproarious Democratic applause.)

The chair sustained the point of order, and on motion of Mr. Hitt the committee rose.

The Indian Appropriation bill was presented and at 5.25 P. M. the House adjourned.

THE LUETGERT TRIAL.

Will Probably be Concluded Next Week---The Prisoner to Go On the Witness Stand Friday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, January 18.—Adolph L. Luetgert will go on the witness stand Friday and tell the jury his story of his actions on the night of May last, of last year, when the murder of Mrs. Luetgert is supposed to have taken place. This was decided on to-day at a conference between the big sausage manufacturer and his attorneys. Luetgert and his counsel believe that his case will be greatly helped thereby. Luetgert's little son Louis went on the stand to-day and told in the main the same story he did in the former trial. It is now generally believed the case will be concluded early next week.

Ferdinand A. Dieffenbach, chief deputy warden of the Maryland Penitentiary, was yesterday probably fatally stabbed by Levi Poindexter, a negro convict.

PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper.

BUDGET OF NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL.

A Flood of Applicants Seeking Appointment Under U. S. Marshal Dockery.

JOHN EVANS, THE CONVICT.

Will the Governor Commute the Death Sentence---Mrs. A. Watson Rapidly Sinking---A Publishing Company Incorporated.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 18.

A telegram received here to-day states that Mrs. A. Watson, who is undergoing treatment at Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore, is rapidly sinking and cannot live much longer. No operation has been performed. It will be remembered that Mrs. Watson was shot by her youthful husband before he committed suicide, while in a drunken rage.

Marshal Dockery has the appointment of twenty-two field deputy marshals. None of these is under the Civil Service regulations. The new marshal will announce his appointments to these offices during the next few days. There is a flood of applicants here from all points of the district.

The Secretary of State incorporated this morning, the "Times-Mercury Publishing Company," of Hickory, with a capital stock of $4,000. Probably this is the first instance on record of the incorporation of a Populist and Democratic paper. The object of the company is to publish and print newspapers, phamphlets and do job work. One section of the letters of incorporation provides that the stockholders to whom the paper belongs shall control its policy. The incorporators are J. F. Click, E. E. Reynolds and J. L. Latta.

Phosphate rock from the Castle Hayne farm is to be used in paving the streets around the Capitol in front of the Supreme Court building. This material will be used to deaden the noise of passing vehicles. Belgian block will be the material used in paving the other streets around the Capitol. The city and State officials yesterday made their arrangements to begin the work of paving at once.

When the Governor returns to the city he will be called on to take action in the matter of the commutation of the death sentence of John Evans, who is sentenced to be hanged at Rockingham next Wednesday. Evans is now in Wake jail.

Colonel Joseph G. M. Buffalo died yesterday at his residence in New York city, aged 76 years. He was born at Raleigh, N. C., and served on the staff of General Chalmers, of the Southern army.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25-cents per box. For sale by R. R. Bel-iamy. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found' Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted---A White Girl for a Nurse. Address Box 402, City. jan 19 1t

Steamer Crocesus for sale, also Boilers for land or boat use, cheap. Walter Taft. jan 19 7t

Notice—I will lend you Money, or stand your Bond—Houses and Lots for sale on installments of 50c and up. Aquila J. Marshall, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 214 Princess Street. jan 16 1 m

Selling Out—Balance of stock of Teas and Crockery of Atlantic Tea Co. will be sold for less than cost at 618 North Fourth street. Auction every night, commencing at 8 o'clock. jan 13 tf

Only White Service—A single visit to my place will convince you of the superior work done. Hair cut 25c, shampoo 20c, shave 10c. Wm. Tienken, 17 Princess street. de 17 tf

H. J. Bierman, the wide awake Commission Merchant, handles everything in the produce line; also Hides, Furs, Wool, Wax, Pork, Beef, etc., 105 South Front street. Best stand in the city. Give him a trial. jan 5 tf

Money Made and time saved by new process for Parching Peanuts. I can roast large quantities at a time. It will pay you to let me roast for you. Write for particulars. A. E. Blake Wilmington, N. C. de 23 tf

Ladies Wanted to travel and appoint agents for old established house. Permanent position; $40 per month and all expenses. Z., Box 82, Philadelphia, Pa. de 18 D&W tf

A Word to the Wise is sufficient. The best Fruit and Confectioneries, served daintily, can be found at Andrew Mavionichols, 706 North Fourth street. Bell 'Phone 346. Inter-State 191. A large shipment of fine Jamaica Bananas just received. dec 16 tf

Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Big Hominy, N. C. Head Rice, Choice Hay, and all kinds of Feed; lowest prices. Jno. S. McEachern. Bell Phone 92, Inter-State Phone No. 92. de 9 tf

For Best Prices and prompt returns ship your Country Produce to M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Pork a specality. dec 1 tf

Where Can I Ship Country Produce to the best advantage is a question that is puzzling you. Settle it by shipping to L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. Careful handling and prompt returns. Eggs for the city trade. no 30 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Photographs.—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

POTATOES, POTATOES.

100 Bbls. Early Rose Seed Potatoes.

ALSO THE CELEBRATED

McCoskell Stalk Cutter.

Farmers all need the stalk cutter to cut Corn and Cotton stalks so as to plow their land.

D. L. Gore.

jan 18 tf

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms, water and good yard room in rear

jan 1 tf D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLings for rent.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 6tf

A FRIEND'S ADVICE

Of Value to a South Carolina Lady.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—"I had that tired feeling and suffered with general debility. I took different kinds of medicine without much benefit. Finally upon the advice of a friend I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave me a good appetite and cured that tired feeling." MRS. F. E. HOLST, 52 Drake Street.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

500 Vaccine Points to Arrive This Morning.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

jan 15 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

Our Year's work has been hard; but the results are very gratifying. We sincerely thank our friends and the general public for their liberal patronage,

AND

Earnestly soliciting a continuation and increase of same, we wish you all the joy, happiness and pleasure the season brings; alsa

A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

H. C. Evans' old stand. dec 25 tf.

A TEMPTING MORSEL

that whets the appetite, and adds zest to your morning meal, is our delicious, succulent, juicy mutton or lamb chops, choice tenderloin, sirloin or beefsteaks, that give you stamina for your day's mental or physical labor. Our choice ham, bacon or sausage are appetizing these cold mornings

I. B. RHODES.

jan 14 tf Front Street Market.

LET US BOOK YOUR ORDERS FOR

Seed Potatoes,

Houlton Rose and Early Ohios.

Genuine stock. Now in transit.

Get our prices before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocer, Nut and Mulberry streets. jan 18 tf

E. R. POTATOES.

20 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.
10 Cars Salt.
10 Cars Kainit.
25 Boxes Mason's Blacking.
75 Bundles Butter Dishes.
90 Boxes Penny Candy.
75 Boxes Matches.
55 Barrels Sugar.
10 Boxes Dried Apples.
20 Barrels Rice.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, jan 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Cut Price This Week

ON 3-Lb. SOLID PACKED

Tomatoes.

Quantity to one person limited.

DRIED SCOTCH (GREEN) PEAS, a most enjoyable addition to any dinner. This week only 3 cents a quart.

S. W. Sanders,

jan 18 tf At the Unlucky Corner.

"An Ounce of Prevention is Worth TONS OF CURE."

Be Prepared.—We have the largest stock of

DISINFECTANTS IN THE CITY.

Store Open All Day To-day.

JAMES D. NUTT,

Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist, S. E. Cor. Front and Grace Streets, jan 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

AN ELEGANT LINE OF PURE FRUIT PRESERVES —AND— JELLIES AT 10 CENTS PER POUND.

The King Grocery Co.,

B. F. KING, MANAGER,

'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge. jan 14 tf

Bargain Week!

Bargain Week!

The C. W. Polvogt Co

ORIGINATORS OF BARGAIN SALES.

No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Terms Cash. Terms Cash.

Beginning Monday, January 17th, and continuing each day until Saturday, 9 P. M., January 22nd, we will have our Annual January Clearing Sale, and offer the items below at genuine Bargains.

ALL BARGAINS GUARANTEED AS ADVERTISED.

Domestic Department.

36 inch Bleach Shirting, 5 cents.
Lonsdale Cambric, 10 cents.
Bear Hill Cambric, 8 cents.
Wamsutta Shirting, 10 cents.
Pride of the West, 10 cents.
Masonville Shirting, 7 cents.
36 Inch Fruit of the Loom, 6 cents.
Hill's Shirting, half Bleached, 7 cents.

NOTE—We limit a customer to 10 yards each of the above items.

30 cents best Bleached 10-4 Sheeting, 23 cents.
25 cents best Bleached 10-4 Sheeting, 19 cents.
Good Bleach Pillow Casing, 10 cents.
A 12½ cents Percale, Dark Shades, 8 cents.
A 10 cents Percale, Light Shades, 7 cents.
A lot of 12½ cents Percale, Light Shades, 10 cents.
12½ cents Honey Comb Outing, 9 cents.
10 cents Light and Dark Outing, 8 cents.
25 cents Heavy Cord Pique, 20 cents.
10-4 Unbleached Sheeting, 18 cents.
9-4 Unbleached Sheeting, 15 cents.

Table Linen, Towels, &c., &c.

A Good Bleached Table Linen, 33 cents.
50 cents " " " 38 cents.
90 cents " " " 75 cents.
1.25 " " " 1.00
25 cents Huck and Damask Towel, now 25 cents.

Underwear---Gents', Ladies, Children's---At Greatly Reduced Prices.

1.50 Ladies' Ribbed Vest and Pants, 1.20.
1.00 Ladies' Ribbed Vest and Pants, 87½ cents.
1.00 Ladies' Wool Vest, only 80 cents.
75 cents Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Pants 50 cents.
50 cents Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Pants, 39 cents.
25 cents Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Pants, 20 cents.
1.50 Gents' Shirts & Drawers, Gray & Scarlet, 1.15.
1.25 Gents' Natural Wool and Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, 98 cents.
1.00 Gents' Scarlet and White Shirts and Drawers, 87 cents.

Ten per cent. discount on all Children's Underwear. White and Red Flannel.

15 cents part wool, now 11 cents.
20 cents " " " 16 cents.
25 cents all " " 20 cents.
30 cents " " " 25 cents.
35 cents " " " 33 cents.
50 cents " " " 42 cents.

Carpets, Rugs, Shades.

65 and 75 cents All Wool, Ingrain Carpets, 50 cts.
35 cents Union Ingrain Carpets, 28 cents.
75 cents Brussell Carpet, 55 cents.
4.00 Large Smyrna Rugs, 3.00.
1.25 Moquet Rugs, 36 inches, 1.00.
1.00 Smyrna Rugs, 36 inches, 80 cenrs.
Your choice of Silkoline, this sale, 10 cents.
75 cents Moquet Hassocks, 50 cents.
50 cents Brussels Hassocks, 39 cents.
2.50 Portiers, all Colors, 2.10.
7.00 All Wool 11-4 Blanket, 5.50.
5.00 All Wool 11-4 Blanket, 4.25.
4.50 All Wool 10-4 Blanket, 3.50.

Ten per cent. discount on Trunks, Mattings, Comforters, and Door Mats.

Black and Fancy Dresss Goods.

1.25 Black Bengaline Cord, 1.10.
1.00 Black Fine Rep, 90 cents.
1.25 Black Silk Warp Henrietta, 85 cents.
89 cents Black Henrietta, Silk Finish, 72 cents.
65 cents " " 52 cents.
85 cents Black Diagonal Serge, 50 inches, 75 cts.
65 cents Black Plain Mohair, 55 cents.
50 cents " " 43 cents.
75 cents Black Figured Novelty, 65 cents.
85 cents " " 70 cents.
50 cents Black French Serge, 45 inches, 43 cents.
75 cents " " 45 inches, 65 cents.
1.50 Black Fine Broad Cloth, 1.20.
1.00 value, All Shades, Broad Cloth, 80 cents.
1.00 value Suitings and Wool Novelties, 54 inches, 69 cents.
50 cents value Suitings and Wool Novelties, 40 inches, 40 cents.
25c. value Fancy Half Wool Dress Goods, 19c.
25 cents value Scotch Plaids, 19 cents.
1.00 Colored Boucle Novelty, 75 cents.
65 cents " " 49 cents.
35 cents Colored Henrietta, 45 inches, 25 cents.
1.75 Nuns Veiling (for Veils), Special, 1.45.
1.25 " " " " 1.05.
1.00 " " " " 85 cts.

Silks and Satins.

1.50 Black, 29 inches, Satin Duchesse, 1.20.
85 cents Quilted Satins, all Shades, 65 cents.
50 cents Satin, all Shades, 42 cents.
65 cents India Silk, all Shades, 55 cents.
85 cents Chiffon, all Shades, 45 inches, 70 cents.

Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Veiling, &c.

25 cents Ladies' Black Hose, 19 cents.
15 cents " " " 10 cents.
25 cents Gents' Half Hose, 19 cents.
25 cents Boys' Heavy Hose, 19 cents.
35 and 40 cents Ladies' all Linen Handkerchiefs, Special, 25 cents.
One lot Fine Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Soiled, 10 cents.
½ doz. Initial Handkerchiefs, Ladies, 1.00 value, Now 75 cents.
½ doz. Initial Handkerchiefs, Gents, 1.50 value, Now 1.20.
One lot Black Veilings, "Special," 15 cents.
25 cents Tube Rose Soap, 3 cakes, 19 cents.
18c. Wild Locust and Honey Soap, 3 cakes, 12c.
10 cents Buttermilk Soap, 3 cakes, 8 cents.
5 Balls Black Darning Cotton for 10 cents.
5 cents Hooks and Eyes, 2 cards for 5 cents.

White Goods, Laces, Notions.

12½ cents value Remnants India Linen, 8 cents.
1.75 Long Cloth, 12 yard pieces, 1.50.
15 cents Long Cloth, cut by yard, 12 cents.
Choice assortment of Torchon Edging and Inserting, 10 cents.
Choice Assortment of Hamburg and Nainsook Edging and Inserting, 10 cents.
Another lot of above Goods, 12½ cents.
1.00 White Bed Spread, large size, 89 cents.
1.25 " " " " 1.00.
1.75 " " " " 1.40.
89 cents Ladies' Fancy Aprons, 75 cents.
65 cents " " " 50 cents.
1.25 White Embroidered Flannel, 1.00.
75 cents White Embroidered Flannel, 60 cents.

Balance of our Ladies' and Children's Wraps together with our stock of Feather Boas at Cost.

In buying a Corset or Pattern remember that we are Agents for The W. B. Corset and Standard Paper Patterns. REMEMBER DATES, TERMS, PLACE.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

jan 16 tf

A SHINING BEACON

The Hearth Lit Up By Our Famous Coal Casts

Its effulgence beyond the confines of the room, and the weary wayfarer finds hope and cheer in the far reaching ray. Comfort yourself, your family, and the belated pedestrian by using our high grade Coals.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

jan 1

BLUE RIBBON POUND PACKAGE.

One pound first-class Paper for 15c; original price 25c.

Have just finished opening a beautiful line

Fancy Stationery, Office and Typewriter Supplies at Lowest Prices.

Agents for William's Typewriter.

MYERS & LEWIS,

jan 5 tf N. E. Corner Front and Market Streets.

Satement of Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business Dec. 15th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$587,834 09	Capital	$125,000 00